

Annual Financial Report

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014



Board of Supervisors

Charles E. Ingram, Chairperson O. J. Cole, Jr., Vice-Chairperson

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Jack White

Edwina Casey

School Board

John T. Persinger, Chairperson Lanell W. Jarvis, Vice-Chairperson

Virginia J. Richards

Jennifer M. Little

Linda G. Hodges

Department of Social Services Board

Margaret Hudgins, Chairperson Jeannie Elliott, Vice-Chairperson

Paula Cottee Helen Casey **Eunice Garrett**

Other Officials

County Administrator	Melinda Moran
Clerk of the Circuit Court	Angela Ingram
County Attorney	Andrew McRoberts
Commissioner of the Revenue	
Treasurer	
Sheriff	L. Mark Barrick
Superintendent of Schools	Dr. David J. Holleran
Director of Social Services	Jo Ann Wilson-Harfst
Judge of the Circuit Court	Richard Y. Atlee, Jr.
Commonwealth's Attorney	Thompson C. Bowen, III
Judge of the General District Court	Jeffrey W. Shaw
Judge of the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court.	Cressondra B. Conyers



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ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Mathews Mathews, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Mathews, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Mathews, Virginia, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules of pension and OPEB funding progress on pages 4-10, 60-61 and 62-63 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise County of Mathews, Virginia's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information and other statistical information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other statistical information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 5, 2014, on our consideration of County of Mathews, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County of Mathews, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Richmond, Virginia December 5, 2014

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors To the Citizens of Mathews County County of Mathews, Virginia

As management of the County of Mathews, Virginia we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

Financial Highlights

Government-wide Financial Statements

< The assets of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$12,274,284 (net position).

Fund Financial Statements

The Governmental Funds, on a current financial resource basis, reported revenues and other financing sources in excess of expenditures and other financing uses of \$622,749 (Exhibit 5) after making contributions totaling \$6,153,087 to the School Board.

- < As of the close of the current fiscal year; the County's funds reported ending fund balances of \$5,397,485, an increase of \$622,749 in comparison with the prior year.
- < At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$3,529,758, or 20% of total general fund expenditures and other financing uses.
- The combined long-term obligations decreased \$906,335 during the current fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements,
- 2. Fund financial statements, and
- 3. Notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains required supplementary and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's assets/deferred outflows of resources and liabilities/ deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, courts, police protection, sanitation, social services, education, cultural events, and recreation.

The Government-wide financial statements include not only the County of Mathews, Virginia itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate school district and industrial development authority for which the County of Mathews, Virginia is financially accountable. Financial information for the component units are reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

<u>Fund financial statements</u> - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County of Mathews Virginia, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions or services reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Whereas the government-wide financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, the governmental fund financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The focus of modified accrual reporting is on near-term inflows and outflows of financial resources and the balance of financial resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Since the governmental funds focus is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements a reconciliation between the two methods is provided at the bottom of the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The County has two major governmental funds - the General Fund and the Special Revenue Fund.

<u>Proprietary funds</u> - Proprietary funds account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The Proprietary Fund measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> - The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the County's agency funds. It is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. The County excludes these activities from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations. Agency funds are County custodial funds used to provide accountability of client monies for which the County is custodian.

<u>Notes to the financial statements</u> - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information - In addition to the basic financial statement and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information for budgetary comparison schedules and schedules of pension and OPEB funding progress. Other supplementary information consists of the presentation of combining financial statements for the agency funds, discretely presented component unit - School Board and the Industrial Development Authority. Neither the School Board nor the Industrial Development Authority issue separate financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a County's financial position. In the case of the County, assets exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$12,274,284 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. The following table summarizes the County's Statement of Net Position:

		County o	f Ma	nthews, Virgin	ia's	Net Positi	on					
		Governmer	ntal <i>i</i>	Activities		Busir	iess	-type		Tota	als	
	_	2014		2013	-	2014		2013	_	2014	_	2013
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$	11,482,771 14,589,927	\$	10,300,326 14,940,323	\$	75,228 -	\$	74,783 -	\$	11,557,999 \$ 14,589,927	; _	10,375,109 14,940,323
Total assets	\$	26,072,698	\$_	25,240,649	\$_	75,228	\$_	74,783	\$_	26,147,926 \$	S _	25,315,432
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities	\$	1,042,131	\$	1,034,720	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,042,131 \$	ò	1,034,720
outstanding		8,337,592		9,243,927		-		-	_	8,337,592	_	9,243,927
Total liabilities	\$_	9,379,723	\$_	10,278,647	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$_	9,379,723 \$	S	10,278,647
Deferred inflows of resources:												
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$	4,493,919	\$_	3,937,058	\$_	-	\$	-	\$	4,493,919 \$	<u> </u>	3,937,058
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$_	4,493,919	\$_	3,937,058	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$_	4,493,919 \$	<u> </u>	3,937,058
Net position:												
Net investment in capital assets	\$	6,496,040	\$	5,919,555	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,496,040 \$	6	5,919,555
Restricted		73,321		91,034		-		-		73,321		91,034
Unrestricted	_	5,629,695		5,014,355		75,228	-	74,783	-	5,704,923	_	5,089,138
Total net position	\$_	12,199,056	\$_	11,024,944	\$_	75,228	\$	74,783	\$_	12,274,284 \$	S =	11,099,727

Government-wide Financial Analysis (Continued)

Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$1,174,557 during the current fiscal year. The following table summarizes the County's Statement of Activities:

County of Mathews, Virginia's Changes in Net Position

	Governme	ntal	Activities	Business-t	уре	Activities		Total	S
	2014		2013	2014		2013		2014	2013
Revenues:									
Program revenues:									
Charges for services	\$ 139,527	\$	115,061	\$ -	\$	-	\$	139,527 \$	115,061
Operating grants and									
contributions	2,747,853		2,303,422	-		-		2,747,853	2,303,422
Capital grants and									
contributions	465,119		718,129	-		-		465,119	718,129
General revenues:									
General property taxes	10,711,645		10,376,573	-		-		10,711,645	10,376,573
Other local taxes	1,248,603		1,248,362	-		-		1,248,603	1,248,362
Grants and other contri-									
butions not restricted	1,523,833		1,489,720	-		-		1,523,833	1,489,720
Other general revenues	 187,766	_	151,563	 445		403	_	188,211	151,966
Total revenues	\$ 17,024,346	\$_	16,402,830	\$ 445	\$	403	\$_	17,024,791 \$	16,403,233
Expenses:									
General government									
administration	\$ 1,239,683	\$	1,183,758	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,239,683 \$	1,183,758
Judicial administration	662,127		656,328	-		-		662,127	656,328
Public safety	2,506,931		2,297,325	-		-		2,506,931	2,297,325
Public works	1,036,856		1,105,587	-		-		1,036,856	1,105,587
Health and welfare	1,795,146		1,740,409	-		-		1,795,146	1,740,409
Education	6,737,939		6,764,109	-		-		6,737,939	6,764,109
Parks, recreation, and									
cultural	540,323		613,639	-		-		540,323	613,639
Community development	973,727		614,138	-		-		973,727	614,138
Interest and other fiscal									
charges	 357,502		390,314	 -		-		357,502	390,314
Total expenses	\$ 15,850,234	\$_	15,365,607	\$ -	\$	-	\$_	15,850,234 \$	15,365,607
Change in net position	\$ 1,174,112	\$	1,037,223	\$ 445	\$	403	\$	1,174,557 \$	1,037,626
Beginning of year	11,024,944		9,987,721	74,783		74,380		11,099,727	10,062,101
End of year	\$ 12,199,056	- \$ -	11,024,944	\$ 75,228	\$	74,783	\$	12,274,284 \$	11,099,727

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County used fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of available resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported fund balances of \$5,397,485, an increase of \$622,749 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 65% of the reported fund balance constitutes unassigned General Fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original and final budgeted expenditures amount to \$1,145,553 and can be briefly summarized as follows:

- < \$ 23,759 increase in general government administration expenditures
- < \$ 24,924 increase in judicial administration expenditures
- < \$ 140,450 increase in public safety expenditures
- < \$ 815,127 decrease in capital project expenditures
- < \$1,761,160 increase in debt service expenditures
- < \$ 10,387 increase in various other expenditures</p>

During the year, budgetary estimates exceeded revenues and other financing sources by \$126,411 and expenditures and other financing uses were less than budgetary estimates by \$2,382,870, resulting in an overall positive variance of \$2,256,459.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

<u>Capital assets</u> - The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental operations as of June 30, 2014 amounts to \$14,589,927 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in the notes of this report.

<u>Long-term debt</u> - At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total debt outstanding of \$7,763,830. Of this amount, \$3,318,830 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the County. The remainder of the County's debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., lease/revenue bonds).

The County's total debt decreased by \$890,208 during the current fiscal year.

Additional information on the County of Mathews, Virginia's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to national indices.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for the 2014 fiscal year.

The fiscal year 2015 budget remained approximately the same as the prior year.

Real estate and personal property tax rates increased for FY15.

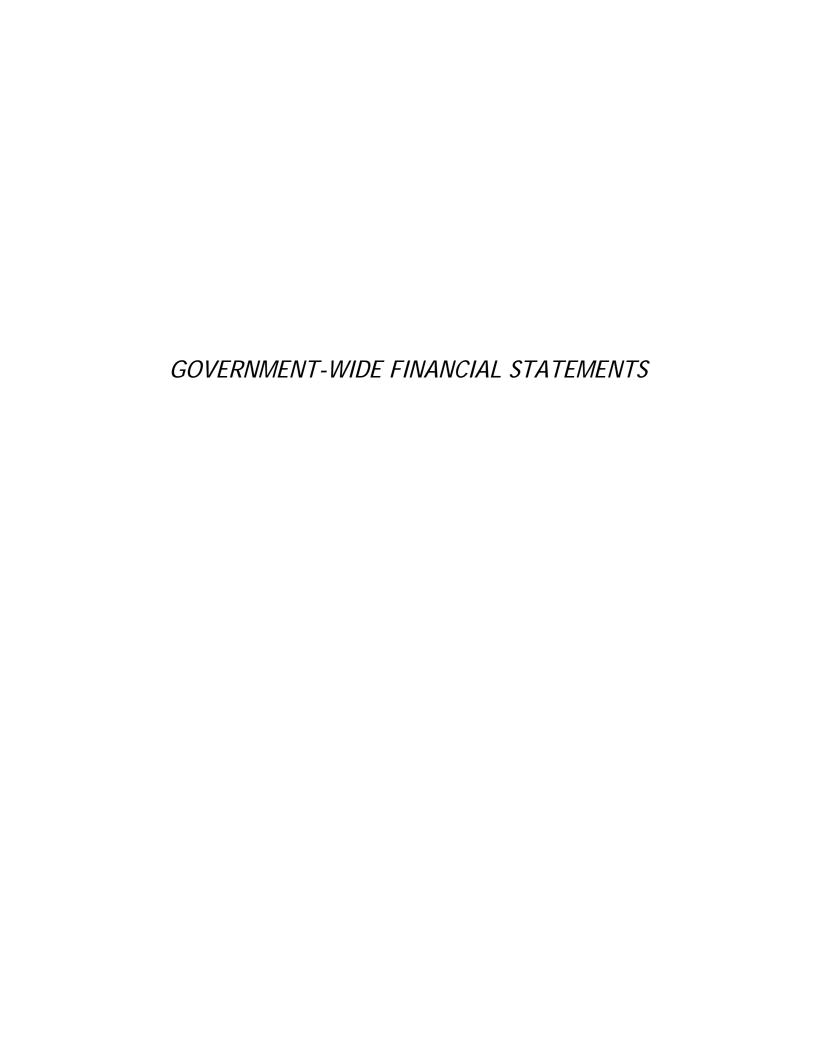
Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County of Mathews, Virginia's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the County Administrator, P.O. Box 839, Mathews, Virginia 23109.











County of Mathews, Virginia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

		P	rimar	y Governmer	nt					
	G	overnmental		siness-type			-	Compon	ent U	nits
		<u>Activities</u>		<u>Activities</u>		<u>Total</u>	Sc	chool Board		<u>IDA</u>
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,646,065	\$	75,228	\$	5,721,293	\$	58,134	\$	208,181
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):										
Taxes receivable		5,117,888		-		5,117,888		-		_
Accounts receivable		52,973		-		52,973		2,697		-
Due from other governmental units		665,845		-		665,845		1,027,054		-
Inventories		-		-		-		3,076		-
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):										
Land and improvements		2,244,846		-		2,244,846		46,172		-
Buildings and improvements		11,822,629		-		11,822,629		7,834,866		-
Equipment		499,135		-		499,135		504,559		-
Construction in progress		23,317		-		23,317		-		-
Total assets	\$	26,072,698	\$	75,228	\$	26,147,926	\$	9,476,558	\$	208,181
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	134,784	\$	-	\$	134,784	\$	37,465	\$	_
Accrued liabilities		-		-		· -		1,026,387		_
Accrued interest payable		82,641		-		82,641		_		_
Due to other governmental units		655,869		-		655,869		_		_
Unearned revenue		168,837		-		168,837		-		-
Long-term liabilities:										
Due within one year		1,254,651		-		1,254,651		16,602		-
Due in more than one year		7,082,941		-		7,082,941		162,267		_
Total liabilities	\$	9,379,723	\$	-	\$	9,379,723	\$	1,242,721	\$	-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Deferred revenue - property taxes	\$	4,493,919	\$	-	\$	4,493,919	\$	_	\$	_
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	4,493,919	\$	-	\$	4,493,919		-	\$	-
NET POSITION										
Net investment in capital assets	\$	6,496,040	\$	_	\$	6,496,040	\$	8,385,597	\$	-
Restricted	~	73,321	*	_	*	73,321	*	-	*	-
Unrestricted (deficit)		5,629,695		75,228		5,704,923		(151,760)		208,181
Total net position	\$	12,199,056	\$	75,228	\$	12,274,284	\$	8,233,837	\$	208,181

County of Mathews, Virginia Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

			<u>a</u>	Program Revenues					Net (Ch	Expense) anges in N	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
				Operating	Capital		P	Primary Government	rnment			Component Units	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	nses	Charges for <u>Services</u>	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	ype	Total		School Board	IDA
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT: Governmental activities:													
General government administration	\$	1,239,683 \$	•	\$ 178,186	€	↔	(1,061,497)	\$,	(1)	(1,061,497) \$	٠	•
Judicial administration			13,046		1		(322,407)		,	,		,	,
Public safety	2,	2,506,931	119,984		1		(1,695,989)		,	(1)	(1,695,989)	1	ı
Public works	1,	1,036,856	1	1	ı		(1,036,856)		,	ב)	(1,036,856)	,	ı
Health and welfare	1,	1,795,146	•	1,003,167	1		(791,979)		,		(791,979)		1
Education	,9	6,737,939	•	1			(6,737,939)		,	(9)	(6,737,939)		1
Parks, recreation, and cultural		540,323	7,388	86,562	410,301		(36,072)		,		(36,072)	,	i
Community development		973,727	(891)	7			(457,494)		,	_	(457,494)	•	•
Interest on long-term debt		357,502	1		1		(357,502)		,	_	(357,502)	•	
Total governmental activities	\$ 15,	15,850,234 \$	139,527	\$ 2,747,853	\$ 465,119	⇔	(12,497,735)	\$		\$ (12,	(12,497,735) \$	٠	
Business-type activities: Sanitary District	€.	٠	,	υ. •	•	€.		€	,	€5			,
Total business-type activities	↔ 6		1	· + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	· + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	₩.		· 45		. 64	÷ +÷	1	
Total primary government		15.850.234 \$	139.527		\$ 465,119	1	(12, 497, 735)	. 45			(12, 497, 735) \$	1	1
							(22.1/1.1/2.1/2.1/2.1/2.1/2.1/2.1/2.1/2.1					•	
COMPONENT UNITS:													
School Board	\$ 12,	12,661,244 \$	374,176	\$ 5,581,286	•	↔		∽	,	↔	⇔	(6,705,782) \$. !
Industrial Development Authority			47,927										45,754
Total component units	\$ 12,	12,663,417 \$	422,103	\$ 5,581,286	- \$	⇔	1	\$	1	↔	⇔	(6,705,782) \$	45,754
	General revenues:	venues:											
	General	General property taxes	Sé			↔	10,711,645	\$,	\$ 10,	10,711,645 \$	٠	ı
	Local sale	Local sales and use taxes	xes				432,972		,		432,972	,	ı
	Consume	Consumer's utility tax					150,173		,		150,173		ı
	Motor vel	Motor vehicle licenses	10				285,440		,		285,440		ı
	Business	Business license taxes					172,410		,		172,410		ı
	Other local taxes	al taxes					207,608		,		207,608	,	ı
	Unrestric	ted revenues	s from use of mo	Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property			64,912		445		65,357	8,567	94
	Miscellaneous	eons					122,854		,		122,854	30,097	1
	Grants ar	nd contributi	ons not restricte	Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	ams		1,523,833		,	1,	1,523,833		
	Payment	Payment from Mathews County	vs County						,		1	6,495,455	
	Total gen	Total general revenues	S			\$	13,671,847	\$	445	\$ 13,	13,672,292 \$	6,534,119 \$	94
	Change in	Change in net position					1,174,112		445	1,	1,174,557	(171,663)	45,848
	Net position	Net position - beginning	0				11,024,944	7	74,783	11	11,099,727	8,405,500	162,333
	Net position	Net position - ending				\$	12,199,056	2 \$	75,228	\$ 12,	12,274,284 \$	8,233,837 \$	208,181

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.





County of Mathews, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2014

		General <u>Fund</u>	I	Special Revenue <u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,526,336	\$	119,729	\$	5,646,065
Receivables (net of allowance						
for uncollectibles):						
Taxes receivable		5,117,888		-		5,117,888
Accounts receivable		52,973		-		52,973
Due from other governmental units		477,136		188,709		665,845
Total assets	\$	11,174,333	\$	308,438	\$	11,482,771
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other governmental units Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$	107,251 655,869 - 763,120	\$	27,533 - 168,837 196,370	\$	134,784 655,869 168,837 959,490
De Control l'affronce d'ouverne						
Deferred inflows of resources:	ф	F 10F 70/	ф		ф	F 10F 70/
Deferred revenue - property taxes	<u>\$</u> \$	5,125,796	\$	-	\$ \$	5,125,796
Total deferred inflows of resources		5,125,796	\$		>	5,125,796
Fund balances:						
Restricted	\$	-	\$	73,321	\$	73,321
Committed		1,755,659		31,944		1,787,603
Unassigned		3,529,758		6,803		3,536,561
Total fund balances	\$	5,285,417	\$	112,068	\$	5,397,485
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	11,174,333	\$	308,438	\$	11,482,771

County of Mathews, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

\$ 5,397,485

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

098	
<u>171)</u> 14,589,9	9,927
ļ, ´	14,58

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the funds.

631,877

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:

\$ (4,445,000)	
(330,057)	
(3,318,830)	
(217,605)	
(26,100)	
(82,641)	(8,420,233)
	(330,057) (3,318,830) (217,605) (26,100)

Net position of governmental activities

12,199,056

County of Mathews, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Special General Revenue						
		Fund	г	Fund		Total	
REVENUES		<u>i unu</u>		<u>r unu</u>		<u>Total</u>	
General property taxes	¢	10,751,712	\$	_	\$	10,751,712	
Other local taxes	Ψ	1,248,603	Ψ	_	Ψ	1,248,603	
Permits, privilege fees,		1,240,003		_		1,240,003	
and regulatory licenses		66,100		_		66,100	
Fines and forfeitures		42,599		(891)		41,708	
Revenue from the use of		42,377		(071)		41,700	
money and property		64,483		429		64,912	
Charges for services		31,719		427		31,719	
Miscellaneous		95,604		27,250		122,854	
Recovered costs				27,230			
		14,731		-		14,731	
Intergovernmental: Commonwealth		2 177 112		00 120		2 274 251	
Federal		3,177,112		99,139		3,276,251	
	<u></u>	1,042,577	¢	417,977	φ	1,460,554	
Total revenues	Þ	16,535,240	\$	543,904	Þ	17,079,144	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government administration	\$	1,210,706	\$	_	\$	1,210,706	
Judicial administration	φ	508,241	φ	-	φ	508,241	
Public safety		2,421,950		- 14,729		2,436,679	
Public works				14,729			
Health and welfare		1,008,411		-		1,008,411	
Education		1,779,809		-		1,779,809	
		6,159,410		- 174		6,159,410	
Parks, recreation, and cultural		413,279		174		413,453	
Community development		396,693		533,316		930,009	
Nondepartmental		32,565		-		32,565	
Capital projects		657,238		-		657,238	
Debt service:		0.054.500				0.054.500	
Principal retirement		2,851,508		-		2,851,508	
Interest and other fiscal charges	Φ.	429,666	Φ.	-	Φ.	429,666	
Total expenditures	\$	17,869,476	\$	548,219	\$	18,417,695	
[
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	Φ.	(1 224 22/)	Φ.	(4.215)	ф	(1 220 551)	
(under) expenditures	\$	(1,334,236)	\$	(4,315)	\$	(1,338,551)	
OTHER FINANCING COURCES (LICES)							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	Φ.	10.0/0	Φ.	70 000	ф	01 400	
Transfers in	\$	18,068	\$	73,332	\$	91,400	
Transfers out		(73,332)		(18,068)		(91,400)	
Issuance of refunding bonds	Φ.	1,961,300	Φ.	-	Φ.	1,961,300	
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	1,906,036	\$	55,264	\$	1,961,300	
Not also as to Good by Lawren	•	F74 000	.	F0 040	.	/00 740	
Net change in fund balances	\$	571,800	\$	50,949	\$	622,749	
Fund balances - beginning	φ.	4,713,617	φ	61,119	ተ	4,774,736	
Fund balances - ending	\$	5,285,417	\$	112,068	\$	5,397,485	

County of Mathews, Virginia Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 622,749
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment: Capital asset additions Allocation of School Board assets Depreciation expense	\$ 558,606 (342,368) (533,130)	(316,892)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position.		(33,504)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		(40,067)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premium, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:		
Principal retirement on lease revenue bonds Principal retirement on general obligation bonds Refunding of lease revenue bonds Amortization of issuance premium	\$ 415,000 2,436,508 (1,961,300) 36,673	926,881
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
(Increase) Decrease in compensated absences (Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB obligation (Increase) Decrease in accrued interest	\$ (21,346) 800 35,491	14,945
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 1,174,112

County of Mathews, Virginia Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2014

	En	Enterprise	
	Fund		
	Sanitary		
	<u>District</u>		
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	75,228	
Total assets	\$	75,228	
NET POSITION			
Unrestricted	\$	75,228	
on estricted	Ψ	13,220	
Total net position	\$	75,228	

County of Mathews, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Enterprise	
	Fund	
	Sanitary	
	<u>District</u>	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Investment earnings	\$	445
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$	445
	Φ.	4.45
Change in net position	<u> </u>	445
Total net position - beginning	\$	74,783
Total net position - ending	\$	75,228

County of Mathews, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

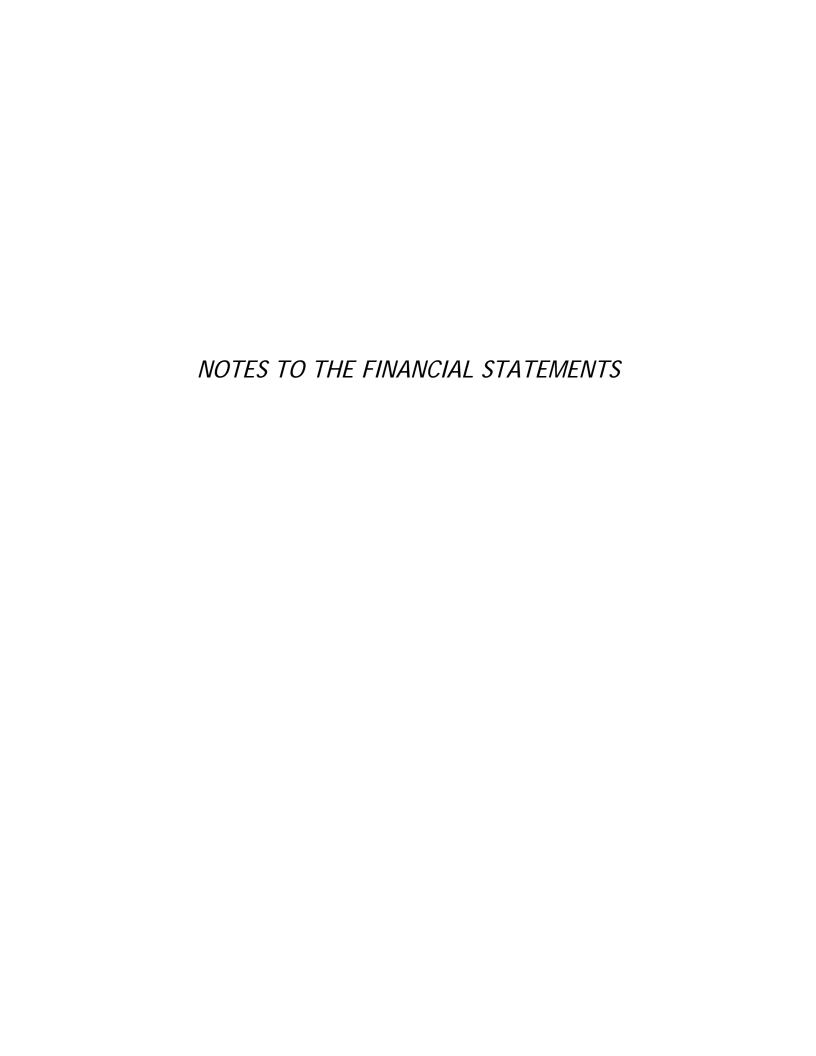
	Sa	terprise Fund anitary District
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest and dividends received	\$	445
Net cash provided by (used for) by investing activities	\$	445
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	445
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	74,783 75,228

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Mathews, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2014

	Agency <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 120,922
Total assets	\$ 120,922
LIABILITIES	
Amounts held for social services clients	\$ 47,112
Amounts held for others	 73,810
Total liabilities	\$ 120,922

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.





Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2014

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The County of Mathews, Virginia (the "County") is governed by an elected five member Board of Supervisors. The County provides a full range of services for its citizens. These services include police and fire protection; sanitation services; recreational activities; cultural events; education; and social services.

The financial statements of the County of Mathews, Virginia have been prepared in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

<u>Management's Discussion and Analysis</u> - GASB Statement No. 34 requires the financial statements be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities in the form of "Management's Discussion and Analysis" (MD&A).

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

<u>Statement of Net Position</u> - The Statement of Net Position is designed to display financial position of the primary government (government and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2014 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

<u>Statement of Activities</u> - The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

<u>Budgetary Comparison Schedules</u> - Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments, and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many government's revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. Under the GASB 34 reporting model, governments provide budgetary comparison information in their annual reports, including a requirement to report the government's original budget with the comparison of final budget and actual results.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for the basic financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity. These financial statements present the County of Mathews, Virginia (the primary government) and its component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the government.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2014 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

B. Individual Component Unit Disclosures

Blended Component Unit. The County has no blended component units at June 30, 2014.

Discretely Presented Component Units. The School Board members are elected by the citizens of Mathews County. The School Board is responsible for the operations of the County's School System within the County boundaries. The School Board is fiscally dependent on the County. The County has the ability to approve its budget and any amendments. The School Fund does not issue a separate financial report. The financial statements of the School Board are presented as a discrete presentation of the County financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

The Mathews County Industrial Development Authority (IDA) was created by the Board of Supervisors to administer the issuance of industrial development revenue bonds and provide economic development activities for the County. The Authority may also acquire property and issue debt in its own name and may also enter into lease/purchase arrangements with the County. The County appoints all of the members of the Authority's Board of Directors. The County may significantly influence the fiscal affairs of the Authority. Financial statements for the Mathews County Industrial Development Authority can be obtained from the County Administrator's office of Mathews County. The financial statements of the Mathews County Industrial Development Authority are presented as a discrete presentation of the County financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

C. Other Related Organizations Included in the County's Financial Report

None

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2014 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.) The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally within two months preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2014 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

1. Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. This fund is used to account for and report all financial transactions and resources except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues is used principally to finance the operations of the Component Unit School Board. The General Fund is considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action. The County reports the Special Revenue Fund as a major fund.

- 2. <u>Proprietary Funds</u> Proprietary Funds account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The Proprietary Fund measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position. Proprietary Funds consist of Enterprise Funds.
 - <u>Enterprise Funds</u> Enterprise funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The County's Enterprise Funds consist of the Sanitary District Fund. The Sanitary District Fund is a non-operating entity of the County. The operations have been turned over to a regional entity.
- 3. <u>Fiduciary Funds (Trust and Agency Funds)</u> Fiduciary Funds account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These funds include Agency Funds which consists of the Scholarship Fund. These funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting described in the Governmental Fund Presentation. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2014 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government.

F. Investments

Investments are reported at fair value which approximates market; no investments are valued at cost. Certificates of deposit and short-term repurchase agreements are reported in the accompanying financial statements as cash and cash equivalents.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds and repurchase agreements. The County has no investments as of June 30, 2014.

G. Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the noncurrent portion of interfund loans).

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$131,554 at June 30, 2014 and is comprised solely of property taxes.

Real and Personal Property Tax Data:

The tax calendars for real and personal property taxes are summarized below.

	Real Property	Personal Property
Levy	January 1	January 1
Due Date	December 5/June 5	December 5
	(50% each date)	
Lien Date	January 1	January 1

The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2014 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

H. <u>Inventories and prepaid items</u>

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County and its Component Units as land, buildings, and equipment with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. The County does not have any infrastructure in its capital assets since roads, streets, bridges and similar assets within its boundaries are the property of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Building improvements	40
Furniture, Vehicles, Office and Computer Equipment	5-20
Buses	10

J. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expense in the Statement of Activities and a long-term obligation in the Statement of Net Position. In accordance with the provisions of *Governmental Accounting Standards No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences*, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to received sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2014 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

K. Retirement Plan

Retirement plan contributions are actuarially determined and consist of current service costs and amortization of prior service cost over a 30-year period. The County's policy is to fund pension cost as it accrues.

L. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

M. Net Position

Net position is the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

N. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g. restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

O. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and premiums on issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2014 (Continued)

P. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County does not have any deferred outflows of resources as of June 30, 2014.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has only one type of item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th, and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, 2nd half installments and the amounts prepaid are reported as deferred inflows of resources.

Q. Fund Equity

The County reports fund balances in accordance with GASB Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2014 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Q. Fund Equity (Continued)

The Board of Supervisors establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by the County Administrator, who has been given the delegated authority to assign amounts by the Board of Supervisors.

In the general fund, the County strives to maintain an unassigned fund balance to be used for unforeseen emergencies of an amount equal to or greater than 10% of general fund expenditures.

The details of governmental fund balances, as presented in aggregate on Exhibit 3, are as follows:

		General		Special Revenue	Total
Fund Balances:					
Restricted:				24 422 4	24.400
C/V grants	\$	-	\$	36,128 \$	36,128
Wetlands violations		-		6,574	6,574
Wetlands compensation		-		13,001	13,001
Forfeited assets	٠ ,	-		17,618	17,618
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$.	-	\$_	73,321 \$	73,321
Committed:					
B&G equipment replacement	\$	33,000	\$	- \$	33,000
Green renovations		575,867		-	575,867
Main street improvements		250,000		-	250,000
Public access to waterways		260,000		-	260,000
Drainage improvements		50,000		-	50,000
NPC light preservation		238,000		-	238,000
Reassessment		95,000		-	95,000
Playground equipment upgrade		91,000		-	91,000
Employee accumulated leave		15,000		-	15,000
Vehicle replacement		35,000		-	35,000
School bus replacement		30,000		-	30,000
E911 office machinery		30,000		-	30,000
Information technology equipment		47,792		-	47,792
Communications equipment		5,000		-	5,000
New Point nature preserve		-		9,768	9,768
New Point comfort lighthouse		-		21,716	21,716
Mathews County Sesquicentennial		-		460	460
Total Committed Fund Balance	\$.	1,755,659	\$_	31,944 \$	1,787,603
Unassigned Fund Balance	\$	3,529,758	\$	6,803 \$	3,536,561
Total Fund Balances	ζ.	5,285,417	- ۲	112,068 \$	5,397,485
Total Fund Datances	٠,	J, 20J, 717	- ۲	112,000 3	J,J//, T UJ

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2014 (Continued)

Note 2—Stewardship, Compliance, and Accounting:

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. On or before March 30th, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the fund level. The appropriation for each fund can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
- 5. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 6. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units.

Expenditures and Appropriations

Expenditures exceeded appropriations at June 30, 2014 in the Textbook Fund.

Note 3—Deposits:

Deposits

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. Seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2014 (Continued)

Note 4—Due from/Due To Other Governments:

At June 30, 2014, the County has receivables from other governments as follows:

		Government	_	School Board
Other Local Governments:			_	
County of Mathews	\$	-	\$	655,869
Commonwealth of Virginia:				
Local sales tax		87,107		-
Welfare		23,302		-
Rolling stock tax		681		-
Wireless service board funds		6,804		-
State Sales Tax		-		200,612
Constitutional officer reimbursements		85,262		-
Recordation tax		10,766		-
Comprehensive services act		32,667		-
Hazard mitigation grant		39,728		-
Fire program funds		4,263		-
Victim witness		6,358		-
Communications tax		76,028		-
DMV		1,085		-
Federal Government:				
School fund grants		-		170,573
VDOT enhancement		1,599		, -
Fort Nonsense transportation safety		97,261		-
Welfare		42,450		-
Hazard mitigation grant		148,981		-
Local law enforcement block grant	•	1,503	-	
Total due from other governments	\$	665,845	\$	1,027,054
At June 30, 2014, amounts due to other local gove	ernme	ents are as foll	ow:	s:
Other Local Governments:				
Mathews County School Board	\$	655,869	\$	

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2014 (Continued)

Note 5—Capital Assets:

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014:

Governmental Activities:	Balance July 1, 2013	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2014
Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land and land improvements Construction in progress	\$ 2,244,846 \$ 173,486	- \$ 467,978	- S	2,244,846
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	\$ 2,418,332 \$	467,978 \$	618,147	2,268,163
Capital assets subject to depreciation: Buildings and improvements Equipment Jointly owned assets	\$ 11,038,207 \$ 1,865,719 5,840,654	618,147 \$ 90,628	230,368 527,052	11,656,354 1,725,979 5,313,602
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 18,744,580 \$	708,775 \$	757,420	18,695,935
Accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements Equipment Jointly owned assets	\$ 2,866,698 \$ 1,309,276 2,046,615	114,432 132,840	- 5 196,864 184,684	1,226,844 1,994,771
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 6,222,589 \$	533,130 \$	381,548	6,374,171
Total capital assets subject to depreciation, net	\$ 12,521,991 \$	175,645 \$	375,872	12,321,764
Governmental activities capital activities, net	\$ 14,940,323 \$	643,623 \$	994,019	14,589,927
Component Unit-School Board:	Balance July 1, 2013	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2014
Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land and land improvements	\$\$\$_	\$	\$	46,172
Capital assets subject to depreciation: Equipment Jointly owned assets	\$ 2,166,509 \$ 12,016,939	101,369 \$	- \$ (527,052)	2,267,878 12,543,991
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 14,183,448 \$	101,369 \$	(527,052) \$	14,811,869
Accumulated depreciation: Equipment Jointly owned assets	\$ 1,633,274 \$ 4,210,841	130,045 \$ 313,600	- \$ (184,684)	1,763,319 4,709,125
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 5,844,115 \$	443,645 \$	(184,684) \$	6,472,444
Total capital assets subject to depreciation, net	\$8,339,333\$_	(342,276) \$	(342,368) \$	8,339,425
Net capital assets Component Unit- School Board	\$ 8,385,505 \$	(342,276) \$	(342,368) \$	8,385,597

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2014 (Continued)

Note 5—Capital Assets: (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government administration Judicial administration Public safety Public works	\$ 28,876 154,819 101,058 28,460
Health and welfare Education Parks, recreation and cultural	 11,411 134,792 73,714
Total Governmental activities	\$ 533,130
Component Unit School Board	\$ 443,645

Note 6—Interfund Transfers:

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2014 consisted of the following:

	Transfers		Т	ransfers
Fund		In		Out
Primary Government:	.	10.040	.	72 222
General Fund County Special Revenue	\$	18,068 73,332	\$	73,332 18,068
Total	\$	91,400	\$	91,400
Component Unit-School Board: School Operating Textbook	\$	- 45,913	\$	141,536
School Cafeteria		95,623		-
Total	\$	141,536	\$	141,536

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the School Operating Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2014 (Continued)

Note 7—Long-Term Obligations:

Primary Government:

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014:

	_	Balance at July 1, 2013	at July 1,		Retiremen Decrease		/	Balance at June 30, 2014		Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Obligations: Incurred by County:										
Compensated absences payable	\$	196,259	\$	40,972	\$	19,626	\$	217,605	\$	21,761
Lease revenue bonds payable		4,860,000		-		415,000		4,445,000		420,000
Add: issuance premium		366,730		-		36,673		330,057		-
Net OPEB obligation	_	26,900		38,000		38,800		26,100		
Total incurred by County	\$_	5,449,889	\$_	78,972	\$	510,099	\$_	5,018,762	\$_	441,761
Incurred by School Board:										
General Obligation Bonds	\$_	3,794,038	\$_	1,961,300	\$.	2,436,508	\$_	3,318,830	\$_	812,890
Total incurred by School Board	\$_	3,794,038	\$_	1,961,300	\$	2,436,508	\$_	3,318,830	\$_	812,890
Total Governmental Obligations	\$	9,243,927	\$	2,040,272	\$	2,946,607	\$	8,337,592	\$	1,254,651

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2014 (Continued)

Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

		County Obligations					
Year Ending	_	Lease Revenue Bonds					
June 30	_	Principal		Interest			
2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021	\$	420,000 425,000 445,000 465,000 490,000 510,000 535,000	\$	189,490 174,688 157,155 137,009 113,601 89,624 64,274			
2022		570,000		39,469			
2023		585,000	_	13,727			
Total	\$_	4,445,000	\$	979,037			

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2014 (Continued)

Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows: (continued)

		School Obligations						
Year Ending		General Obligation Bonds						
June 30	_	Principal		Interest				
2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020	\$	812,890 496,465 511,275 526,300 480,300 491,600	\$	96,097 75,762 59,441 42,566 24,690 10,512				
Total	\$_	3,318,830	\$	309,068				

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2014 (Continued)

Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

General Obligations:

Incurred by County:

Lease Revenue Bonds Payable:

\$4,885,000 lease revenue refunding bond issued May 25, 2011, due in annual installments through June 2023, interest payable annually at varying coupon rates between 2.20% and 5.20%. \$720,000 lease revenue refunding bond issued on July 12, 2012 due in annual installments through April 2023, interest payable semi-annually at varying rates between	\$	3,850,000
2.279% and 5.125%.	.=	595,000
Total Lease Revenue Bonds	\$	4,445,000
Bond Premium	\$	330,057
Compensated absences (payable from General Fund)	\$	217,605
Net OPEB obligation (payable from General Fund)	\$	26,100
Total Incurred by County	\$	5,018,762

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2014 (Continued)

Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Incurred by School Board:

General Obligation Bonds:

\$4,270,000 School Bonds 1994 B Series, issued November 22, 1994, maturing annually in installments of varying amounts through July 15, 2015; interest payable semi-annually at 6.17%.	\$ 320,000
\$2,230,000 School Bonds 1994 B Series, issued November 22, 1994, maturing annually in installments of varying amounts through July 15, 2015; interest payable semi-annually at 6.17%.	5,000
\$704,227, School Bonds, issued July 30, 1998, maturing annually in installments of \$66,864, through July 30, 2017, interest at 6.75%.	227,530
\$2,000,000 School Bonds, dated May 13, 1999, maturing annually in installments of varying amounts through July 15, 2019, interest payable semi-annually at an effective rate of 4.76%.	805,000
\$1,961,300 School Bonds dated March 28, 2014, maturing annually in installments of varying amounts through February 1, 2020, interest payable semi-annually at a rate of 1.93%.	1,961,300
Total General Obligations Bonds	\$ 3,318,830
Total incurred by School Board	\$ 3,318,830
Total General obligations, primary government	\$ 8,337,592

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2014 (Continued)

Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014:

	_	Balance at July 1, 2013		Increases_	Decr	eases		Balance at June 30, 2014		Amounts Due Within One Year
Component Unit-School Board: Compensated absences	\$	166,973	\$	15,743		6,697	\$	166,019	\$	16,602
Net OPEB obligation Total Component Unit-School Board	- s	31,613 198,586	_ s	40,437 56,180 \$	1	9,200 5,897	 s	12,850 178,869	 د	16,602

Note 8—Unearned and Deferred/Unavailable Revenue:

Unavailable revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. The County had unavailable revenue at June 30, 2014 totaling \$5,125,796, unearned revenue totaling \$168,837, and deferred revenue totaling \$4,493,919 comprised of the following:

<u>Unavailable Property Tax Revenue</u> - Unavailable revenue representing uncollected tax billings not available for funding of current expenditures totaled \$4,958,926 (including 2nd half tax billings of \$4,327,049 not due until December 5) at June 30, 2014.

<u>Prepaid Property Taxes</u> - Property taxes due subsequent to June 30, 2014 but paid in advance by the taxpayers totaled \$166,870 at June 30, 2014.

<u>Deferred Revenue</u> - Deferred revenue representing prepaid taxes due subsequent to June 30, 2014 totaling \$166,870 and \$4,327,049 of 2nd half 2014 tax billing levied in current year but due in FY2015 totaled \$4,493,919.

<u>Unearned Revenue</u> - Unearned revenue representing forfeited asset funds received for a Sheriff's office project that was not started by June 30, 2014 totaled \$168,837.

Note 9—Commitments / Contingent Liabilities:

Federal programs in which the County and all discretely presented component units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States</u>, <u>Local Governments</u>, and <u>Non-Profit Organizations</u>. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements.

While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowance of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Note 10—Litigation:

At June 30, 2014, there were no matters of litigation involving the County or which would materially affect the County's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable to the County.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2014 (Continued)

Note 11—Risk Management:

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the government carries insurance.

The County is a member of the Virginia Municipal Group Self Insurance Program for workers' compensation. This program is administered by a servicing contractor, which furnishes claims review and processing.

Each program member jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County pays the Virginia Municipal Group contributions and assessments based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the Program and claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the Program may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The County continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of losses. During the last three fiscal years, settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage.

Note 12-Pension Plan:

A. Plan Description

Name of Plan: Virginia Retirement System (VRS)

Identification of Plan: Agent and Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Pension Plan

Administering Entity: Virginia Retirement System (System)

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions and employees of participating employers are automatically covered by VRS upon employment. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and they and their employer are paying contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior public service, active duty military service, certain periods of leave and previously refunded VRS service as service credit in their plan.

Within the VRS Plan, the System administers three different benefit plans for local government employees – Plan 1, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each plan has different eligibility and benefit structures as set out below:

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2014 (Continued)

Note 12—Pension Plan (continued):

A. <u>Plan Description (Continued)</u>

VRS - PLAN 1

- 1. Plan Overview VRS Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for VRS Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.
- 2. Eligible Members Employees are in VRS Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.
- **3. Hybrid Opt-In Election** VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.

The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible VRS Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.

If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.

Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under VRS Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as VRS Plan 1 or ORP.

- 4. Retirement Contributions Members contribute up to 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some school divisions and political subdivisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution; all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.
- 5. Creditable Service Creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2014 (Continued)

Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

VRS - PLAN 1 (CONTINUED)

6. Vesting - Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund.

Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.

7. Calculating the Benefit - The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement.

An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.

- **8.** Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.
- **9. Service Retirement Multiplier** The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.7%. The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%. The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.7% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.
- 10. Normal Retirement Age Age 65.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2014 (Continued)

Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

VRS - PLAN 1 (CONTINUED)

11. Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility - Members who are not in hazardous duty positions are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit at age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service.

Hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit at age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.

- **12. Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility** Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service.
- **13. Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement** The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%.
- **14. Eligibility** For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date.

For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.

- **15. Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates** The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances:
 - The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013.
 - The member retires on disability.
 - The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP).
 - The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program.
 - The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2014 (Continued)

Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

VRS - PLAN 1 (CONTINUED)

16. Disability Coverage - Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.

Most state employees are covered under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP), and are not eligible for disability retirement.

VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

17. Purchase of Prior Service - Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2014 (Continued)

Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

A. <u>Plan Description (Continued)</u>

VRS - PLAN 2

- 1. Plan Overview VRS Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for VRS Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.
- 2. Eligible Members Employees are in VRS Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.
- 3. Hybrid Opt-In Election VRS Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.

The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible VRS Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.

If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.

Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under VRS Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as VRS Plan 2 or ORP.

- 4. Retirement Contributions Same as VRS Plan 1-Refer to Section 4.
- **5.** Creditable Service Same as VRS Plan 1 Refer to Section 5.
- 6. Vesting Same as VRS Plan 1-Refer to Section 6.
- 7. Calculating the Benefit Same as VRS Plan 1-Refer to Section 7.
- **8.** Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.
- **9. Service Retirement Multiplier** Same as Plan1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2014. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013.
- **10. Normal Retirement Age Normal Social Security retirement age.**

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2014 (Continued)

Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

VRS - PLAN 2 (CONTINUED)

11. Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility - Members who are not in hazardous duty positions are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit when they reach normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.

Hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit at age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.

- **12. Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility -** Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.
- **13.** Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%.
- 14. Eligibility Same as VRS Plan 1-Refer to Section 14.
- 15. Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates Same as VRS Plan 1-Refer to Section 15.
- **16. Disability Coverage** Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.

Most state employees are covered under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP), and are not eligible for disability retirement.

VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

17. Purchase of Prior Service - Same as VRS Plan 1-Refer to Section 17.

HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN

- Plan Overview The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a
 defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as
 VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election
 window. (See "Eligible Members")
 - The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.
 - The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2014 (Continued)

Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

A. <u>Plan Description (Continued)</u>

HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

- 1. Plan Overview (Continued)
 - In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.
- 2. Eligible Members Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes:
 - State employees*
 - School division employees
 - Political subdivision employees*
 - Judges appointed or elected to an original term on or after January 1, 2014
 - Members in VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1-April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014
- **3. *Non-Eligible Members** Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include:
 - Members of the State Police Officers' Retirement System (SPORS)
 - Members of the Virginia Law Officers' Retirement System (VaLORS)
 - Political subdivision employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees

Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.

4. Retirement Contributions - A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2014 (Continued)

Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

5. Creditable Service

<u>Defined Benefit Component</u> - Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.

<u>Defined Contribution Component</u> - Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.

6. Vesting

<u>Defined Benefit Component</u> - Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component.

<u>Defined Contribution Component</u> - Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan.

Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.

Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service.

- After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions.
- After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions.
- After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions.

Distribution is not required by law until age 70½.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2014 (Continued)

Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

7. Calculating the Benefit

Defined Benefit Component - Same as VRS Plan 1-Refer to Section 7.

<u>Defined Contribution Component</u> - The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.

- **8.** Average Final Compensation Same as VRS Plan 2-Refer to Section 8. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.
- **9. Service Retirement Multiplier** The retirement multiplier is 1.0%.

For members that opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.

10. Normal Retirement Age

Defined Benefit Component - Same as VRS Plan 2-Refer to Section 10.

<u>Defined Contribution Component</u> - Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

11. Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility

<u>Defined Benefit Component</u> - Members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit when they reach normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.

<u>Defined Contribution Component</u> - Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

12. Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility

<u>Defined Benefit Component</u> - Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.

<u>Defined Contribution Component</u> - Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2014 (Continued)

Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

13. Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement

Defined Benefit Component - Same as VRS Plan 2-Refer to Section 13.

<u>Defined Contribution Component</u> - Not Applicable.

- 14. Eligibility Same as VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2-Refer to Section 14.
- 15. Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates Same as VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2-Refer to Section 15.
- 16. Disability Coverage Eligible political subdivision and school division members (including VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2 opt-ins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members.

State employees (including VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2 opt-ins) participating in the Hybrid Retirement Plan are covered under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP), and are not eligible for disability retirement.

Hybrid members (including VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VSDP or VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

17. Purchase of Prior Service

Defined Benefit Component - Same as VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2-Refer to Section 17.

Defined Contribution Component - Not Applicable.

The System issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the most recent report may be obtained from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2013-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2014 (Continued)

Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

B. Funding Policy

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. All or part of the 5.00% member contribution may be assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012 new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution. In addition, the County and School Board are required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund their participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The County and School Board non-professional's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2014 were 12.06% and 13.10% of annual covered payroll, respectively.

The School Board's contributions for professional employees were \$747,336, \$711,170, and \$423,256 to the teacher cost-sharing pool for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 respectively and these contributions represented 11.66%, 11.66%, and 6.33%, respectively, of current covered payroll.

C. Annual Pension Cost

For the fiscal year 2014, the County's annual pension cost of \$292,840 was equal to the County's required and actual contributions.

Three Year Trend Information

Fiscal Year Ending		Annual Pension Cost (APC) (1)	Percentage of APC Contributed		Net Pension Obligation			
County:		_						
June 30, 2014	S	292,840	100%	S	-			
June 30, 2013	*	290,826	100%	*	-			
June 30, 2012		228,680	100%		-			

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2014 (Continued)

Note 12—Pension Plan (continued):

C. Annual Pension Cost (continued):

For the fiscal year 2014, the School Board's annual pension cost of \$91,265 was equal to the School Board's required and actual contributions.

Three Year Trend Information - School Board Non-Professional

Fiscal Year Ending		Annual Pension Cost (APC) (1)	Percentage of APC Contributed	_	Net Pension Obligation
School Board: Non-Professional:					
June 30, 2014	\$	91,265	100%	\$	-
June 30, 2013		89,935	100%		-
June 30, 2012		52,304	100%		-

⁽¹⁾ Employer portion only

The fiscal year 2014 required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2011 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at June 30, 2011 included (a) an investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) of 7.00%, (b) projected salary increases ranging from 3.75% to 5.60% per year for general government employees, 3.75% to 6.20% per year for teachers, and 3.50% to 4.75% for employees eligible for enhanced benefits available to law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs, and (c) a cost-of-living adjustment of 2.50% per year for Plan 1 employees and 2.25% for Plan 2 employees. Both the investment rate of return and the projected salary increases include an inflation component of 2.50%. The actuarial value of the County and School Board's assets is equal to the modified market value of assets. This method uses techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of assets over a five-year period. The County and School Board's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2011 for the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) was 30 years.

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of June 30, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the County's plan was 76.16% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$10,993,256, and the actuarial value of assets was \$8,372,331, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$2,620,925. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$2,353,511, and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 111.36%.

As of June 30, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the School Board's plan was 70.88% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$3,230,559 and the actuarial value of assets was \$2,353,459, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$967,100. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$686,525 and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 140.87%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) for benefits.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2014 (Continued)

Note 13-Surety Bonds:

	 Amount
Commonwealth of Virginia - Division of Risk Management - Surety	
Angela Ingram, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$ 103,000
Wendy Stewart, Treasurer	400,000
Leslie Hall, Commissioner of the Revenue	3,000
L. Mark Barrick, Sheriff	30,000
Selective Insurance Company - Surety	
School Board Clerk and Deputy Clerk	10,000
VMLIP - Surety	
All Social Services Employees - Blanket Bond	1,000,000

Note 14-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance:

A. Plan Description

The County allows retirees to remain on their health insurance plan after they retire. County employees must have attained age 50 with a minimum of 30 years of service or attained age 65 with 5 years of service. Law Enforcement Officers must have attained age 50 with a minimum of 25 years of service or attained age 60 with 5 years of service.

Health benefits include Medical, Dental and Vision. Retirees not eligible for Medicare are eligible to choose only one of the following health plans through the County:

Key Advantage with Expanded (PPO) (2% subsidy for retirees not eligible for Medicare) Key Advantage 500 (PPO) (2% subsidy for retirees not eligible for Medicare)

Retirees eligible for Medicare are only permitted to choose the health plan:

Advantage 65 and Dental/Vision (Medicare)

For retirees who are not eligible for Medicare, coverage is available for retiree and eligible spouses/dependents. For retirees who are eligible for Medicare, spouses/dependents are also eligible.

A participant must qualify for disability under VRS. There are no age or service requirements. Disabled members are eligible for the same benefit as other retirees and pay the full premium.

Public safety participants who either die or become disabled in the line of duty are eligible for a Line of Duty Act (LODA) benefit. Members electing this benefit receive their elected medical premium fully subsidized by the County. This benefit lasts for the lifetime of the retiree and their spouse. Dependent children of the retiree are also eligible for a fully subsidized medical benefit until the child reaches age 26.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2014 (Continued)

Note 14-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (Continued)

As of January 1, 2014, the County has elected to insure the LODA benefit. Therefore, there is no liability for the County for any public safety participant who becomes eligible for a LODA benefit after January 1, 2014.

There is no life insurance benefit for retirees.

However, public safety participants who either die or become disabled in the line of duty are eligible for a Line of Duty Act (LODA) life insurance benefit. Members who die in the line of duty receive a \$100,000 life insurance benefit. Members who become disabled in the line of duty and die within 5 years of becoming disabled receive a \$25,000 life insurance benefit.

The Mathews County Schools allow retirees to remain on their health insurance plan after they retire. Retirees are eligible if they have attained age 50 with a minimum of 30 years of service. Health benefits include medical, dental and vision. Benefits end at the earlier of the retiree's death or attainment of age 65.

B. Funding Policy

The Schools currently have 13 retirees and spouses on their plan. The County has 9 retirees and spouses on their plan. The County retirees pay 100% of the insurance premium. For non-medicare eligible retirees and spouses (under age 65), the Schools contribute a monthly benefit of \$50. The \$50 will not increase in the future. For medicare eligible retirees and spouses (age 65+), the retiree may elect the Medicare supplement only and they must pay 100% of the premium cost.

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The County and School Board's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the *annual required contribution of the employer (ARC)*. The County and School Board have elected to calculate the ARC as the normal cost plus amortization of the unfunded portion of actuarial accrued liability in compliance with the parameters of GASB 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

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Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2014 (Continued)

Note 14-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (Continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (Continued)

The estimated contributions are based on projected medical premium payments and credit for the implicit rate subsidy made during the year for the retired employees by the County and School Board. The following table shows the components of the County and School Board's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County and School Board's net OPEB obligation to the Retiree Health Plan:

	 County	Schools
Annual required contribution	\$ 38,800	\$ 40,500
Interest on net OPEB obligation	900	1,106
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(1,700)	(1,169)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	\$ 38,000	\$ 40,437
Estimated Contributions made	(38,800)	(59,200)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation	(800)	(18,763)
Net OPEB obligation-beginning of year	26,900	31,613
Net OPEB obligation-end of year	\$ 26,100	\$ 12,850

The County and School Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2014 and the two preceding years were as follows:

 Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed		Net OPEB Obligation
\$ 10,200	15.69%	\$	26,800
39,900	99.75%		26,900
38,000	102.11%		26,100
\$ 61,900	94.99%	\$	44,000
40,113	130.88%		31,613
40,437	146.40%		12,850
	\$ 10,200 39,900 38,000 \$ 61,900 40,113	Annual OPEB Cost Cost Contributed \$ 10,200	Annual OPEB Cost Annual OPEB Cost Contributed \$ 10,200 15.69% \$ 39,900 99.75% 38,000 102.11% \$ 61,900 94.99% \$ 40,113 130.88%

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2014 (Continued)

Note 14-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (Continued)

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of January 1, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation, the County's actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$543,200, all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$1,895,700, and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 28.65 percent.

As of January 1, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation, the School Board's actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$477,400, all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$6,739,000, and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 7.08 percent.

The projection of future benefit payments for an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples included assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

E. Actuarial Cost Method

The cost method for valuation of liabilities used for this valuation is the Projected Unit Credit (PUC) Actuarial Cost Method. A PUC accrued benefit is determined for each active member in the Plan on the basis of the member's benefit projected to the assumed date of retirement and the member's creditable service at the valuation date. The actuarial liability for retirement benefits is the sum of the actuarial present value of the PUC accrued benefit of each active member. The normal cost for retirement benefits is the sum of the actuarial present value for the expected increase in the PUC accrued benefit during the plan year for each active member under the assumed retirement age.

F. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The following simplifying assumptions were made:

Retirement age for active employees-Retirement age was estimated based on tables used for the VRS pension valuation and assumed that participants begin to retire when they become eligible to receive healthcare benefits.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2014 (Continued)

Note 14-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (Continued)

F. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality-Life expectancies were based on mortality tables from the RP-2000 Combined Healthy mortality tables for males and females projected to 2010 using Scale AA.

Coverage elections - The actuary assumed that 30% of eligible County retirees and 40% of School retirees will elect coverage and 30% who elect coverage will cover a spouse.

Based on the historical and expected returns of the County's short-term investment portfolio, a discount of 3.50% was used. In addition, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2014 was thirty years for the schools and 16.9 years for the County.

Note 15-Other Postemployment Benefits - Retiree Health Care Credit:

A. Plan Description

The School Board participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service. The credit amount and eligibility differs for state, school division, political subdivision, local officer, local social services department and general registrar retirees.

A teacher, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 per year of creditable service. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 multiplied by the smaller of (i) twice the amount of their creditable service or (ii) the amount of creditable service they would have completed at age 60 if they had remained in service to that age.

Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by Title 51.1, Chapter 14 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. The VRS actuarially determines the amount necessary to fund all credits provided, reflects the cost of such credits in the applicable employer contribution rate pursuant to §51.1-145, and prescribes such terms and conditions as are necessary to carry out the provisions of the health insurance credit program. VRS issues separate financial statements as previously discussed in Note 12.

B. Funding Policy

The School Board is required to contribute, at an actuarially determined rate, the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program. The current rate is 1.11% of annual covered payroll. The School Board's contributions to VRS for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$71,144, \$67,701, and \$40,119, respectively and equaled the required contributions for each year.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2014 (Continued)

Note 16-Upcoming Pronouncements:

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions; and amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 27 and No. 50 related to pension plans that are administered through trusts or equivalent arrangements. The requirements of Statement No. 27 and No. 50 remain applicable for pensions that are not administered as trusts or equivalent arrangements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The County believes the implementation of Statement No. 68 will significantly impact the County's net position; however, no formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Presented budgets were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



County of Mathews, Virginia General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget -		
	<u>Original</u>		Final		Actual Amounts	(Positive Negative)	
REVENUES	<u> </u>		<u></u>			د	<u></u>	
General property taxes	\$ 10,350,50	0 \$	10,350,500	\$	10,751,712	\$	401,212	
Other local taxes	1,254,00	0	1,254,000		1,248,603		(5,397)	
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	76,95	0	76,950		66,100		(10,850)	
Fines and forfeitures	22,25	0	22,250		42,599		20,349	
Revenue from the use of money and property	67,55	2	67,552		64,483		(3,069)	
Charges for services	24,30	0	24,300		31,719		7,419	
Miscellaneous	146,93	5	98,160		95,604		(2,556)	
Recovered costs	11,00	0	11,000		14,731		3,731	
Intergovernmental:								
Commonwealth	3,588,40	6	3,431,430		3,177,112		(254,318)	
Federal	2,160,59	4	1,343,577		1,042,577		(301,000)	
Total revenues	\$ 17,702,48	7 \$	16,679,719	\$	16,535,240	\$	(144,479)	
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government administration	\$ 1,222,87	0 \$	1,246,629	\$	1,210,706	\$	35,923	
Judicial administration	526,94		551,870	*	508,241	*	43,629	
Public safety	2,358,81		2,499,260		2,421,950		77,310	
Public works	1,170,08		1,183,767		1,008,411		175,356	
Health and welfare	1,896,87		1,921,872		1,779,809		142,063	
Education	7,067,01		7,067,017		6,159,410		907,607	
Parks, recreation, and cultural	444,42		449,997		413,279		36,718	
Community development	454,46		463,026		396,693		66,333	
Nondepartmental	75,00		32,565		32,565		-	
Capital projects	2,438,62		1,623,500		657,238		966,262	
Debt service:	, , .		, ,		,		,	
Principal retirement	1,141,05	5	2,848,388		2,851,508		(3,120)	
Interest and other fiscal charges	383,96		437,787		429,666		8,121	
Total expenditures	\$ 19,180,12		20,325,678	\$	17,869,476	\$	2,456,202	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$ (1,477,63	8) \$	(3,645,959)	\$	(1,334,236)	\$	2,311,723	
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	- \$	-	\$	18,068	\$	18,068	
Transfers out		-	-		(73,332)		(73,332)	
Issuance of refunding bonds		-	1,961,300		1,961,300		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	- \$	1,961,300	\$	1,906,036	\$	(55,264)	
Net change in fund balances	\$ (1,477,63	2) ¢	(1,684,659)	¢	571,800	\$	2,256,459	
Fund balances - beginning	1,477,63	•	1,684,659	Ψ	4,713,617	Ψ	3,028,958	
Fund balances - ending	\$	- \$	-	\$	5,285,417	\$	5,285,417	
. a.i.a Daidillood Olidillig		Ψ		Ψ	0,200,117	Ψ	3,200,117	

County of Mathews, Virginia Special Revenue Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

		udgeted ginal	ed Amounts Final			- Actual <u>Amounts</u>		riance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(891)	\$	(891)
Revenue from the use of money and property		-		-		429		429
Miscellaneous		-		65,285		27,250		(38,035)
Intergovernmental:								
Commonwealth		-		177,965		99,139		(78,826)
Federal		-		858,017		417,977		(440,040)
Total revenues	\$	-	\$	1,101,267	\$	543,904	\$	(557,363)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Public safety	\$	_	\$	_	\$	14,729	\$	(14,729)
Parks, recreation, and cultural		_		_		174		(174)
Community development		_		1,101,267		533,316		567,951
Total expenditures	\$	-	\$	1,101,267	\$	548,219	\$	553,048
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(4,315)	\$	(4,315)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	_	\$	_	\$	73,332	\$	73,332
Transfers out	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	(18,068)	Ψ	(18,068)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$		\$		\$	55,264	\$	55,264
Total other illianding sources (uses)	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	33,204	Ψ	33,204
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	50,949	\$	50,949
Fund balances - beginning		-		-		61,119		61,119
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	112,068	\$	112,068

Schedule of Pension Funding Progress - Virginia Retirement System For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Valuation Date		Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	. <u>-</u>	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	 Unfunded (Excess Funded) Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as % of Payroll
County:								
6/30/2013	\$	8,372,331	\$	10,993,256	\$ 2,620,925	76.16% \$	2,353,511	111.36%
6/30/2012		8,171,457		10,614,160	2,442,703	76.99%	2,323,377	105.14%
6/30/2011		8,239,852		9,574,456	1,334,604	86.06%	2,438,066	54.74%
6/30/2010		7,949,294		8,966,564	1,017,270	88.65%	2,345,674	43.37%
6/30/2009		7,834,363		8,611,303	776,940	90.98%	2,576,400	30.16%
6/30/2008		7,653,311		8,101,377	448,066	94.47%	2,528,733	17.72%
6/30/2007		6,968,769		7,088,156	119,387	98.32%	2,364,561	5.05%
6/30/2006		6,117,776		6,259,852	142,076	97.73%	2,210,076	6.43%
6/30/2005		5,685,578		6,383,981	698,403	89.06%	2,103,904	33.20%
6/30/2004		5,551,937		5,725,284	173,347	96.97%	1,956,442	8.86%
	Non	-Professionals:						
6/30/2013	\$	2,353,459	\$	3,320,559	\$ 967,100	70.88% \$	686,525	140.87%
6/30/2012		2,275,951		3,257,219	981,268	69.87%	671,430	146.15%
6/30/2011		2,297,268		3,176,036	878,768	72.33%	667,764	131.60%
6/30/2010		2,277,643		3,035,818	758,175	75.03%	683,069	111.00%
6/30/2009		2,293,775		2,543,178	249,403	90.19%	646,389	38.58%
6/30/2008		2,271,976		2,383,701	111,725	95.31%	825,125	13.54%
6/30/2007		2,062,175		2,322,128	259,953	88.81%	753,123	34.52%
6/30/2006		1,837,924		2,092,232	254,308	87.85%	726,106	35.02%
6/30/2005		1,723,423		1,907,633	184,210	90.34%	676,332	27.24%
6/30/2004		1,697,074		1,774,591	77,517	95.63%	618,894	12.53%

Schedule of OPEB Funding Progress - Retiree Healthcare Plan For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Valuation Date	 Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	 Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	 Unfunded (Excess Funded) Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as % of Payroll
County:						
1/1/2013	\$ -	\$ 543,200	\$ 543,200	0.00% \$	1,895,700	28.65%
1/1/2011	-	82,900	82,900	0.00%	2,027,800	4.09%
1/1/2009	-	34,300	34,300	0.00%	2,027,000	1.69%
School Board:						
1/1/2013	\$ -	\$ 477,400	\$ 477,400	0.00% \$	6,739,000	7.08%
1/1/2011	-	760,800	760,800	0.00%	7,098,400	10.72%
1/1/2009	-	652,700	652,700	0.00%	7,663,700	8.52%





COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUNDS STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Balance Beginning of Year		Additions		Deletions		Balance End of Year
Special Welfare Fund:	-		-		_			
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	32,744	\$	47,308	\$	32,940	\$_	47,112
Liabilities: Amounts held for social services clients	\$	32,744	\$_	47,308	\$_	32,940	\$	47,112
Tour de Chesapeake Fund:	-		_		_		_	
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,155	\$	23,683	\$_	23,869	\$_	9,969
Liabilities: Amounts held for others	\$	10,155	\$	23,683	\$	23,869	\$	9,969
Market Days Fund: Assets:	•		=		=		_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	26,499	\$	24,040	\$	18,914	\$_	31,625
Liabilities: Amounts held for others	\$	26,499	\$	24,040	\$	18,914	\$_	31,625
Courthouse Square Basket Fund: Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	40,292	¢	225	¢	10,701	¢	29,816
·	Φ.	40,292	Φ=	225	Φ=	10,701	Φ=	27,010
Liabilities: Amounts held for others	\$	40,292	\$	225	\$	10,701	\$_	29,816
Escrow Deposits Fund: Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	_	\$	2,400	\$	-	\$_	2,400
Liabilities:								
Amounts held for others	\$	-	\$	2,400	\$	-	\$	2,400
Totals All Agency Funds Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	109,690		97,656	_	86,424	_	120,922
Total assets	\$	109,690	\$	97,656	\$	86,424	\$ =	120,922
Liabilities:								
Amounts held for others Amounts held for social services clients	\$	76,946 32,744	\$	50,348 47,308	\$	42,783 43,641	\$	73,810 47,112
Total liabilities	\$	109,690	\$	97,656	\$	86,424	\$	120,922



DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT SCHOOL BOARD



County of Mathews, Virginia Combining Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2014

	(School Operating <u>Fund</u>		Textbook <u>Fund</u>		School Cafeteria <u>Fund</u>	Go	Total vernmental <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	68,462	\$	-	\$	68,462
Accounts receivable		2,632		65		-		2,697
Due from other governmental units		1,015,539		-		11,515		1,027,054
Inventories	<u> </u>	1 010 171	Φ.	- (0.527	Φ.	3,076	ф.	3,076
Total assets	\$	1,018,171	\$	68,527	\$	14,591	\$	1,101,289
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	37,465	\$	-	\$	-	\$	37,465
Reconciled overdraft		-		-		10,328		10,328
Accrued liabilities		980,706	_	-	_	45,681	_	1,026,387
Total liabilities	\$	1,018,171	\$	-	\$	56,009	\$	1,074,180
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Inventories	\$	_	\$	_	\$	3,076	\$	3,076
Committed	Ψ	_	Ψ	68,527	Ψ	-	Ψ	68,527
Unassigned		_		-		(44,494)		(44,494)
Total fund balances	\$	-	\$	68,527	\$	(41,418)	\$	27,109
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,018,171	\$	68,527	\$	14,591	\$	1,101,289
Amounts reported for governmental activities in different because: Total fund balances per above	the st	atement of r	net į	position (Exhib	oit 1) are	\$	27,109
Capital assets used in governmental activities ar are not reported in the funds.	e not	financial reso	ourc	es and, there	fore	ı		
Capital assets, cost					\$	14,858,041		
Less: accumulated depreciation						(6,472,444)		8,385,597
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absperiod and, therefore, are not reported in the supporting this adjustment:							•	
Compensated absences Net OPEB obligation					\$	(166,019) (12,850)		(178,869)
Č						,		,
Net position of governmental activities							\$	8,233,837

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

7,078 33,825 30,097 102,259 6,153,087 4,755,519 494,573 11,576,438	\$	Textbook Fund 1,457 1,457	\$	32 340,351 - - 8,723 322,471 671,577	\$	8,567 374,176 30,097 102,259 6,153,087 4,764,242 817,044
33,825 30,097 102,259 6,153,087 4,755,519 494,573		- - -		340,351 - - - 8,723 322,471	\$	374,176 30,097 102,259 6,153,087 4,764,242
33,825 30,097 102,259 6,153,087 4,755,519 494,573		- - -		340,351 - - - 8,723 322,471	\$	374,176 30,097 102,259 6,153,087 4,764,242
30,097 102,259 6,153,087 4,755,519 494,573	\$	- - - - - 1,457	\$	8,723 322,471		30,097 102,259 6,153,087 4,764,242
102,259 6,153,087 4,755,519 494,573	\$	- - - - - 1,457	\$	322,471		102,259 6,153,087 4,764,242
6,153,087 4,755,519 494,573	\$	- - - - 1,457	\$	322,471		6,153,087 4,764,242
4,755,519 494,573	\$	- - - 1,457	\$	322,471		4,764,242
4,755,519 494,573	\$	- - - 1,457	\$	322,471		4,764,242
494,573	\$	- - 1,457	\$	322,471		
•	\$	- 1,457	\$			817,044
11,576,438	\$	1,457	\$	471 677		
			Ψ	0/1,3//	\$	12,249,472
11,434,902	\$	210,489	\$	795,553	\$	12,440,944
11,434,902	\$	210,489	\$	795,553	\$	12,440,944
141,536	\$	(209,032)	\$	(123,976)	\$	(191,472)
-	\$	45,913	\$	95,623	\$	141,536
(141,536)		-		-		(141,536)
	\$	45,913	\$	95,623	\$	-
_	\$	(163.119)	\$	(28.353)	\$	(191,472)
_	*		*		*	218,581
	\$		\$		\$	27,109
	11,434,902	11,434,902 \$ 141,536 \$ - \$ (141,536) \$ (141,536) \$	11,434,902 \$ 210,489 141,536 \$ (209,032) - \$ 45,913 (141,536) \$ 45,913 - \$ (163,119) - \$ 231,646	11,434,902 \$ 210,489 \$ 141,536 \$ (209,032) \$ - \$ 45,913 \$ (141,536) (141,536) \$ 45,913 \$ - \$ (163,119) \$ 231,646	11,434,902 \$ 210,489 \$ 795,553 141,536 \$ (209,032) \$ (123,976) - \$ 45,913 \$ 95,623 (141,536) - - (141,536) \$ 45,913 \$ 95,623 - \$ (163,119) \$ (28,353) - 231,646 (13,065)	11,434,902 \$ 210,489 \$ 795,553 \$ 141,536 \$ (209,032) \$ (123,976) \$ - \$ 45,913 \$ 95,623 \$ (141,536) (141,536) \$ 45,913 \$ 95,623 \$ - \$ (163,119) \$ (28,353) \$ - 231,646 (13,065)

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above

(191,472)

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:

Capital asset additions	\$ 101,369	
Allocation of School Board assets	342,368	
Depreciation expense	 (443,645)	92

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:

(Increase) Decrease in compensated absences	\$ 954	
(Increase) Decrease in net OPEB obligation	18,763	19,717
	 <u>,</u>	
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ (171,663)

County of Mathews, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Operating Fund - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

				School Opera	atin	g Fund		
		Budgeted	l Am	ounts			Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
		Original	7	Final	-	Actual		Negative)
REVENUES		<u>Original</u>		<u>r mar</u>		<u> Actual</u>	7.	<u>vegative</u>
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	7,000	\$	7,000	\$	7,078	\$	78
Charges for services	Ψ	25,000	Ψ	25,000	Ψ	33,825	Ψ	8,825
Miscellaneous		25,900		25,900		30,097		4,197
Recovered costs		81,000		81,000		102,259		21,259
Intergovernmental:		017000		017000		102/207		21/207
Local government		7,060,694		7,060,694		6,153,087		(907,607)
Commonwealth		4,846,581		4,846,581		4,755,519		(91,062)
Federal		514,094		514,094		494,573		(19,521)
Total revenues	\$	12,560,269	\$	12,560,269	\$	11,576,438	\$	(983,831)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Education	\$	11,536,219	\$	11,536,219	\$	11,434,902	\$	101,317
Total expenditures	\$	11,536,219	\$	11,536,219	\$	11,434,902	\$	101,317
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	1,024,050	\$	1,024,050	\$	141,536	\$	(882,514)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Transfers out		(1,024,050)		(1,024,050)		(141,536)		882,514
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(1,024,050)	\$	(1,024,050)	\$	(141,536)	\$	882,514
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fund balances - beginning								-
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

County of Mathews, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Special Revenue Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

			School Ca	School Cafeteria Fund	7				Te	Textbook Fund	Fund		
					Varia Fina	Variance with Final Budget						Var Fin	Variance with Final Budget
	Buc	Budgeted Amounts	mounts		Po	Positive	В	udgeted	Budgeted Amounts	S			Positive
	Original	inal	Final	Actual	(Ne	(Negative)	Ö	Original	Final		Actual	듹	(Negative)
REVENUES													
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	\$	1	\$ 32	↔	32	↔	•	↔	\$ '	1,457	\$ /	1,457
Charges for services	415	415,877	415,877	340,351		(75,526)		ı				ı	'
Intergovernmental:													
Commonwealth	9	669'9	669'9	8,723		2,024		•					•
Federal		287,000	287,000	322,471		35,471		•					•
Total revenues	\$ 709	\$ 925'602	709,576	\$ 671,577	\$	(37,999)	\$	1	\$	\$ -	1,457	\$ /	1,457
EXPENDITURES Current:													
Education		782,391 \$	817,708	\$ 795,553	↔	22,155	\$	185,000	\$ 185,000	\$ 000	210,489	\$ 6	(25,489)
Total expenditures	\$ 782	782,391 \$	817,708	\$ 795,553	\$	22,155	\$	185,000	\$ 185,000	\$ 000	210,489	\$ 6	(25,489)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(72,815) \$	(108,132)	\$ (123,976)	\$ ((15,844)	\$ (1	(185,000)	\$ (185,000)	\$ (000	(209,032)	5) \$	(24,032)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		72,815 \$	108,132	\$ 95,623	↔	(12,509)	\$	185,000	\$ 185,000	\$ 000	45,913	↔ %	(139,087)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ 72	72,815 \$	108,132	\$ 95,623	↔	(12,509)	\$	185,000	\$ 185,000	\$ 000	45,913	\$	(139,087)
Net change in fund balances	↔	\$	•	\$ (28,353)	\$	(28,353)	↔	•	↔	٠	\$ (163,119)	\$ (6	(163,119)
Fund balances - beginning			•	(13,065)	((13,065)		•			231,646	2	231,646
Fund balances - ending	↔	-	1	\$ (41,418)	\$ ((41,418)	∨	'	\$	-	68,527	\$ /	68,527

County of Mathews, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund - Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board June 30, 2014

	nolarship <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 67,777
NET POSITION Held in trust for scholarships	\$ 67,777

County of Mathews, Virginia Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund - Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Scholarship <u>Funds</u>	
ADDITIONS		
Contributions:		
Donations	\$	70,641
Total contributions	\$	70,641
Investment earnings:		
Interest	\$	35
Total investment earnings	\$	35
Total additions	\$	70,676
DEDUCTIONS		
Scholarships	\$	59,706
Total deductions	\$	59,706
Change in net position	\$	10,970
Net position - beginning		56,807
Net position - ending	\$	67,777

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY



County of Mathews, Virginia Statement of Net Position Discretely Presented Component Unit-Industrial Development Authority June 30, 2014

ASSETS Current assets:	
Current assets.	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 208,181
Total current assets	\$ 208,181
Total assets	\$ 208,181
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted	\$ 208,181
Total net position	\$ 208,181

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Discretely Presented Component Unit-Industrial Development Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

OPERATING REVENUES	
Miscellaneous	\$ 47,927
Total operating revenues	\$ 47,927
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Other supplies and expenses	\$ 2,173
Total operating expenses	\$ 2,173
Operating income (loss)	\$ 45,754
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Investment earnings	\$ 94
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$ 94
Change in net position	\$ 45,848
Total net position - beginning	162,333
Total net position - ending	\$ 208,181

County of Mathews, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows

Discretely Presented Component Unit-Industrial Development Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts for miscellaneous items	\$	47,927
Payments for operating activities	·	(2,173)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	45,754
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest and dividends received	\$	94
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	\$	94
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	45,848
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		162,333
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	208,181
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash		
provided (used) by operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	45,754
Net cash provided for (used by) operating activities	\$	45,754







Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budqet</u>	=			<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
General Fund:							
Revenue from local sources:							
General property taxes:							
Real property taxes	\$ 7,890,000	\$	7,890,000	\$	8,428,787	\$	538,787
Real and personal public service corporation taxes	90,000		90,000		107,485		17,485
Personal property taxes	1,898,500		1,898,500		1,746,960		(151,540)
Mobile home taxes	32,000		32,000		33,125		1,125
Boat taxes	305,000		305,000		297,180		(7,820)
Penalties	85,000		85,000		90,452		5,452
Interest	50,000		50,000		47,723		(2,277)
Total general property taxes	\$ 10,350,500	\$	10,350,500	\$	10,751,712	\$	401,212
Other local taxes:							
Local sales and use taxes	\$ 416,000	\$	416,000	\$	432,972	\$	16,972
Consumers' utility taxes	148,000		148,000		150,173		2,173
Consumption tax	33,000		33,000		37,488		4,488
Business license taxes	165,000		165,000		172,410		7,410
Motor vehicle licenses	295,000		295,000		285,440		(9,560)
Bank stock taxes	102,000		102,000		83,508		(18,492)
Taxes on recordation and wills	95,000		95,000		86,612		(8,388)
Total other local taxes	\$ 1,254,000	\$	1,254,000	\$	1,248,603	\$	(5,397)
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:							
Animal licenses	\$ 5,000	\$	5,000	\$	3,753	\$	(1,247)
Transfer fees	500		500		415		(85)
Permits and other licenses	71,450		71,450		61,932		(9,518)
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$ 76,950	\$	76,950	\$	66,100	\$	(10,850)
Fines and forfeitures:							
Court fines and forfeitures	\$ 22,250	\$	22,250	\$	42,599	\$	20,349
Total fines and forfeitures	\$ 22,250	\$	22,250	\$	42,599	\$	20,349
Revenue from use of money and property:							
Revenue from use of money	\$ 17,200	\$	17,200	\$	12,456	\$	(4,744)
Revenue from use of property	50,352		50,352		52,027		1,675
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$ 67,552	\$	67,552	\$	64,483	\$	(3,069)
Charges for services:							
Charges for law enforcement and traffic control	\$ 1,000	\$	1,000	\$	734	\$	(266)
Charges for courthouse maintenance	2,000		2,000		2,088		88
Charges for court costs	3,400		3,400		7,894		4,494
Courthouse security fees	5,800		5,800		8,953		3,153
Circuit court- document reproduction	3,500		3,500		2,656		(844)
Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney	600		600		408		(192)
Charges for other protection	1,500		1,500		1,598		98
Charges for library	6,500		6,500		7,388		888
Total charges for services	\$ 24,300	\$	24,300	\$	31,719	\$	7,419

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budqet</u>	Final <u>Budqet</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued)						
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)						
Miscellaneous revenue:						
Miscellaneous	\$	146,935	\$ 98,160	\$ 95,604	\$	(2,556)
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$	146,935	\$ 98,160	\$ 95,604	\$	(2,556)
Recovered costs:						
DMV License agent	\$	11,000	\$ 11,000	\$ 14,731	\$	3,731
Total recovered costs	\$	11,000	\$ 11,000	\$ 14,731	\$	3,731
Total revenue from local sources	\$	11,953,487	\$ 11,904,712	\$ 12,315,551	\$	410,839
Revenue from the Commonwealth:						
Noncategorical aid:						
Motor vehicle carriers' tax	\$	775	\$ 775	\$ 1,272	\$	497
Mobile home titling tax		5,000	5,000	8,143		3,143
Motor vehicle rental tax		250	250	-		(250)
State recordation tax		63,000	63,000	61,365		(1,635)
State technology trust fund		13,000	22,939	-		(22,939)
Personal property tax relief funds		1,000,083	1,000,083	1,000,083		-
Communications tax		460,000	460,000	451,188		(8,812)
Total noncategorical aid	\$	1,542,108	\$ 1,552,047	\$ 1,522,051	\$	(29,996)
Categorical aid:						
Shared expenses:						
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	165,582	\$ 165,582	\$ 161,417	\$	(4,165)
Sheriff		587,566	587,566	569,781		(17,785)
Commissioner of revenue		76,843	76,843	74,565		(2,278)
Treasurer		78,281	78,281	74,942		(3,339)
Medical examiner		150	150	-		(150)
Registrar/electoral board		36,000	36,000	27,778		(8,222)
Clerk of the Circuit Court	_	139,759	 139,759	 139,787		28
Total shared expenses		1,084,181	\$ 1,084,181	\$ 1,048,270	\$	(35,911)
Other categorical aid:						
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	281,133	\$ 281,133	\$ 285,789	\$	4,656
Emergency medical services - two for life		7,000	10,142	10,142		-
Comprehensive services act		297,250	297,250	130,602		(166,648)
Litter control		5,000	6,366	6,366		-
Library grant		72,000	78,542	77,484		(1,058)
Wireless board funds		35,000	35,000	43,498		8,498
Commission for the arts grant		5,000	5,000	-		(5,000)
Victim-witness grant		25,699	25,699	25,470		(229)
Fire programs fund		25,000	25,000	26,963		1,963
Hazard mitigation grant		177,965	-	-		-

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Final <u>Budqet</u> <u>Budget</u>				<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
General Fund: (Continued)								
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)								
Categorical aid: (Continued)								
Other state aid	\$	31,070	\$	31,070	\$	477	\$	(30,593)
Total other categorical aid	\$	962,117	\$	795,202	\$	606,791	\$	(188,411)
Total categorical aid	\$	2,046,298	\$	1,879,383	\$	1,655,061	\$	(224,322)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	3,588,406	\$	3,431,430	\$	3,177,112	\$	(254,318)
Revenue from the federal government:								
Categorical aid:								
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	496,077	\$	496,077	\$	586,776	\$	90,699
Local law enforcement block grant		-		_		1,118		1,118
VDOT enhancement grant		800,000		800,000		410,301		(389,699)
Recovery implementation		· -				9,078		9,078
Homeland security grant		-		30,000		25,000		(5,000)
CDBG grant		667,369		7,500		-		(7,500)
Transportation safety		10,000		10,000		9,880		(120)
Other federal grants		.0,000		.0,000		424		424
FEMA grant		187,148		_		-		-
Total categorical aid	\$	2,160,594	\$		\$	1,042,577	¢	(301,000)
Total categorical aid		2,100,374	Ψ	1,343,377	Ψ	1,042,377	Ψ	(301,000)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	2,160,594	\$	1,343,577	\$	1,042,577	\$	(301,000)
Total General Fund	\$	17,702,487	\$	16,679,719	\$	16,535,240	\$	(144,479)
Special Revenue Fund: County Special Revenue Fund: Revenue from local sources:								
Fines and forfeitures:						(004)		(004)
Wetland fines	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(891)		(891)
Total fines and forfeitures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(891)	\$	(891)
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from the use of money	\$	-	\$	-	\$	429	\$	429
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	429	\$	429
Miscellaneous revenue:								
Miscellaneous	\$	-	\$	65,285	\$	27,250	\$	(38,035)
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$	-	\$	65,285	\$	27,250		(38,035)
Total revenue from local sources	\$	-	\$	65,285	\$	26,788	\$	(38,497)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budqet</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
Special Revenue Fund: (Continued)					
County Special Revenue Fund: (Continued)					
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Noncategorical aid:					
Payment in lieu of taxes	\$ _	\$ -	\$ 1,782	\$	1,782
Total noncategorical aid	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,782	\$	1,782
Categorical aid:					
Forfeited assets	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,870	\$	1,870
Hazard mitigation grant	-	177,965	95,487		(82,478)
Total categorical aid	\$ -	\$ 177,965	\$ 97,357	\$	(80,608)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$ -	\$ 177,965	\$ 99,139	\$	(78,826)
Revenue from the federal government:					
Categorical aid:					
CDBG grant	\$ -	\$ 3,500	\$ 2,379	\$	(1,121)
Forfeited assets	-	-	2,706		2,706
SRL grant	-	187,148	54,818		(132,330)
Hazard mitigation grant	-	667,369	358,074		(309,295)
Total categorical aid	\$ -	\$ 858,017	\$ 417,977	\$	(440,040)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$ -	\$ 858,017	\$ 417,977	\$	(440,040)
Total County Special Revenue Fund	\$ -	\$ 1,101,267	\$ 543,904	\$	(557,363)
Total Primary Government	\$ 17,702,487	\$ 17,780,986	\$ 17,079,144	\$	(701,842)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property:					
Revenue from the use of property	\$ 7,000	\$ 7,000	\$ 7,078	\$	78
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$ 7,000	\$ 7,000	\$ 7,078		78
Charges for services:					
Tuition and payments from other divisions	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 33,825	\$	8,825
Total charges for services	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 33,825		8,825
Miscellaneous revenue:					
Miscellaneous	\$ 25,900	\$ 25,900	\$ 30,097	\$	4,197

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued) Recovered costs:	Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Final <u>Budqet</u> <u>Budqet</u>			<u>Actual</u>	Fina	iance with al Budget - Positive <u>legative)</u>	
Recovered costs: Recovered costs: Farte Sagon	•							
Recovered costs: E-rate \$ 36,000 \$ 36,000 \$ 38,300 \$ 38,300 \$ 23,800								
E-rate Medicaid reimbursements Medicaid reimbursements Medicaid reimbursements Total recovered costs \$ 36,000 \$ 36,000 \$ 38,309 \$ 2,309 Total recovered costs \$ 81,000 \$ 81,000 \$ 138,900 \$ 133,900								
Medicaid reimbursements 45,000 45,000 63,869 18,809 Total recovered costs 81,000 81,000 102,259 21,259 Total revenue from local sources 138,900 138,900 173,259 343,559 Intergovernmental: Revenues from local governments: Contribution from County of Mathews, Virginia Total revenues from local governments 7,060,694 7,060,694 6,153,087 9,070,070 Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid: Share of State sales tax 1,230,470 1,230,470 1,180,562 4,049,000 Basic school aid 2,253,038 2,206,605 4,6433 6,839,000 6,839,000 6,839,000 6,839,000 6,839,000 6,839,000 6,839,000 6,839,000 6,839,000 6,839,000 6,839,000 6,839,000 6,949,000 6,949,000 6,949,000 6,949,000 6,949,000 6,949,000 6,949,000 6,949,000 6,949,000 6,949,000 6,949,000 6,949,000 6,949,000 6,949,000 6,949,000 6,949,000 6,949								
Total recovered costs \$ 81,000 \$ 81,000 \$ 102,259 \$ 21,259 Total revenue from local sources \$ 138,900 \$ 138,900 \$ 173,259 \$ 34,359 Intergovernmental: Revenues from local governments: Contribution from County of Mathews, Virginia Total revenues from local governments \$ 7,060,694 \$ 7,060,694 \$ 6,153,087 \$ (907,607) Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid: Share of state sales tax \$ 1,230,470 \$ 1,230,470 \$ 1,180,562 \$ (49,908) Basic school aid 2,253,038 2,253,038 2,206,605 4,6433 Remedial summer education 26,706 26,706 57,565 30,879 Regular foster care 13,716 13,716 4,332 (9,380) Special education 319,286 319,286 312,127 (7,159) Textbook payment 45,913 45,913 44,883 (1,030) Special education 111,034 111,034 110,434 (1,020) School fringes <t< td=""><td></td><td>\$</td><td></td><td>\$</td><td></td><td>\$</td><td>\$</td><td></td></t<>		\$		\$		\$	\$	
Total revenue from local sources \$ 138,900 \$ 138,900 \$ 173,259 \$ 34,359								
Intergovernmental: Revenues from local governments: Contribution from County of Mathews, Virginia \$ 7,060,694 \$ 7,060,694 \$ 6,153,087 \$ (907,607) \$ (7,060,697	Total recovered costs	\$	81,000	\$	81,000	\$ 102,259	\$	21,259
Revenues from local governments: \$ 7,060,694 \$ 7,060,694 \$ 6,153,087 \$ (907,607) Total revenues from local governments \$ 7,060,694 \$ 7,060,694 \$ 6,153,087 \$ (907,607) Revenue from the Commonwealth: \$ 7,060,694 \$ 7,060,694 \$ 1,180,562 \$ (49,080) Share of state sales tax \$ 1,230,470 \$ 1,230,470 \$ 1,180,562 \$ (49,080) Basic school aid 2,253,038 2,253,038 2,206,605 (46,433) Remedial summer education 26,706 26,706 57,585 30,879 Regular foster care 13,716 13,716 4,336 (9,380) Gifted and talented 24,049 24,049 23,510 (5,599) Special education 319,286 319,286 312,127 (7,159) Textbook payment 45,913 45,913 44,883 (1,030) Vocational education 111,034 111,034 118,484 2,490 School fringes 454,267 452,677 482,874 2,223 Early reading intervention 8,263	Total revenue from local sources	\$	138,900	\$	138,900	\$ 173,259	\$	34,359
Revenues from local governments: \$ 7,060,694 \$ 7,060,694 \$ 6,153,087 \$ (907,607) Total revenues from local governments \$ 7,060,694 \$ 7,060,694 \$ 6,153,087 \$ (907,607) Revenue from the Commonwealth: \$ 7,060,694 \$ 7,060,694 \$ 1,180,562 \$ (49,080) Share of state sales tax \$ 1,230,470 \$ 1,230,470 \$ 1,180,562 \$ (49,080) Basic school aid 2,253,038 2,253,038 2,206,605 (46,433) Remedial summer education 26,706 26,706 57,585 30,879 Regular foster care 13,716 13,716 4,336 (9,380) Gifted and talented 24,049 24,049 23,510 (5,599) Special education 319,286 319,286 312,127 (7,159) Textbook payment 45,913 45,913 44,883 (1,030) Vocational education 111,034 111,034 118,484 2,490 School fringes 454,267 452,677 482,874 2,223 Early reading intervention 8,263	Intergovernmental:							
Contribution from County of Mathews, Virginia Total revenues from local governments \$ 7,060,694 \$ 7,060,694 \$ 6,153,087 \$ (907,607) Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid: Share of state sales tax \$ 1,230,470 \$ 1,230,470 \$ 1,180,562 \$ (49,908) Basic school aid 2,253,038 2,253,038 2,206,605 (46,433) Remedial summer education 26,706 26,706 57,555 30,879 Regular foster care 13,716 13,716 4,336 (9,380) Gifted and talented 24,049 24,049 23,510 (539) Special education 319,286 319,286 312,127 (7,159) Textbook payment 45,913 45,913 44,883 (1,030) Vocational education 111,034 111,034 14,883 (1,030) ISAEP 9,977 9,977 8,754 (2,490) ISAEP 9,977 9,977 8,754 (1,223) Homebound 3,189 3,189 1,191 (1,270) <								
Revenue from the Commonwealth: \$7,060,694 \$7,060,694 \$6,153,087 \$907,607 Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid: Share of state sales tax \$1,230,470 \$1,230,470 \$1,180,562 \$ (49,908) Basic school aid 2,253,038 2,253,038 2,206,605 (46,433) Remedial summer education 26,706 26,706 57,585 30,879 Regular foster care 13,716 13,716 4,336 (9,380) Gifted and talented 24,049 24,049 23,510 (539) Special education 319,286 319,286 312,127 (7,159) Textbook payment 45,913 45,913 44,883 (1,030) Vocational education 111,034 111,034 108,544 (2,490) School fringes 454,267 454,267 482,874 28,607 ISAEP 9,977 9,977 8,754 (1,223) Early reading intervention 8,263 8,263 9,640 1,377 Homebo	•	\$	7,060,694	\$	7,060,694	\$ 6,153,087	\$	(907,607)
Categorical aid: Share of state sales tax \$ 1,230,470 \$ 1,230,470 \$ 1,180,562 \$ (49,908) Basic school aid 2,253,038 2,253,038 2,206,605 (46,433) Remedial summer education 26,706 26,706 57,585 30,879 Regular foster care 13,716 13,716 4,336 (9,380) Gifted and talented 24,049 24,049 23,510 (539) Special education 319,286 319,286 312,127 (7,159) Textbook payment 45,913 45,913 44,883 (1,030) Vocational education 111,034 111,034 108,544 (2,490) School fringes 454,267 454,267 482,874 28,607 ISAEP 9,977 9,977 8,754 (1,223) Early reading intervention 8,263 8,263 9,640 1,377 Primary class size 73,851 73,851 74,352 501 Homebound 3,189 3,189 1,919 (1,270)		\$	7,060,694	\$	7,060,694	\$		
Categorical aid: Share of state sales tax \$ 1,230,470 \$ 1,230,470 \$ 1,180,562 \$ (49,908) Basic school aid 2,253,038 2,253,038 2,206,605 (46,433) Remedial summer education 26,706 26,706 57,585 30,879 Regular foster care 13,716 13,716 4,336 (9,380) Gifted and talented 24,049 24,049 23,510 (539) Special education 319,286 319,286 312,127 (7,159) Textbook payment 45,913 45,913 44,883 (1,030) Vocational education 111,034 111,034 108,544 (2,490) School fringes 454,267 454,267 482,874 28,607 ISAEP 9,977 9,977 8,754 (1,223) Early reading intervention 8,263 8,263 9,640 1,377 Primary class size 73,851 73,851 74,352 501 Homebound 3,189 3,189 1,919 (1,270)								
Share of state sales tax \$1,230,470 \$1,230,470 \$1,180,562 (49,908) Basic school aid 2,253,038 2,253,038 2,206,605 (46,433) Remedial summer education 26,706 26,706 57,585 30,879 Regular foster care 13,716 13,716 4,336 (9,380) Gifted and talented 24,049 24,049 23,510 (539) Special education 319,286 319,286 312,127 (7,159) Textbook payment 45,913 45,913 44,883 (1,030) Vocational education 111,034 111,034 108,544 (2,490) School fringes 454,267 454,267 482,874 28,607 ISAEP 9,977 9,977 8,754 (1,223) Early reading intervention 8,263 8,263 9,640 1,377 Primary class size 73,851 73,851 74,352 501 Homebound 3,189 3,189 1,919 (1,270) At risk payments 39,006<	Revenue from the Commonwealth:							
Basic school aid 2,253,038 2,253,038 2,206,605 (46,433) Remedial summer education 26,706 26,706 57,585 30,879 Regular foster care 13,716 13,716 4,336 (9,380) Gifted and talented 24,049 24,049 23,510 (539) Special education 319,286 319,286 312,127 (7,159) Textbook payment 45,913 45,913 44,883 (1,030) Vocational education 111,034 111,034 108,544 (2,490) School fringes 454,267 454,267 482,874 28,607 ISAEP 9,977 9,977 8,754 (1,223) Early reading intervention 8,263 8,263 9,640 1,377 Primary class size 73,851 73,851 74,352 501 Homebound 3,189 3,189 1,919 (1,270) At risk payments 39,006 39,006 38,069 (937) Career and technical education 3,830	Categorical aid:							
Remedial summer education 26,706 26,706 57,585 30,879 Regular foster care 13,716 13,716 4,336 (9,380) Gifted and talented 24,049 24,049 23,510 (539) Special education 319,286 319,286 312,127 (7,159) Textbook payment 45,913 45,913 44,883 (1,030) Vocational education 111,034 111,034 108,544 (2,490) School fringes 454,267 454,267 482,874 28,607 ISAEP 9,977 9,977 8,754 (1,223) Early reading intervention 8,263 8,263 9,640 1,377 Primary class size 73,851 73,851 74,352 501 Homebound 3,189 3,189 1,919 (1,270) At risk payments 39,006 39,006 38,069 (937) Career and technical education 3,830 3,830 3,678 (152) Remediation assistance - SOL 52,703	Share of state sales tax	\$	1,230,470	\$	1,230,470	\$ 1,180,562	\$	(49,908)
Regular foster care 13,716 13,716 4,336 (9,380) Gifted and talented 24,049 24,049 23,510 (539) Special education 319,286 319,286 312,127 (7,159) Textbook payment 45,913 45,913 44,883 (1,030) Vocational education 111,034 111,034 108,544 (2,490) School fringes 454,267 454,267 482,874 28,607 ISAEP 9,977 9,977 8,754 (1,223) Early reading intervention 8,263 8,263 9,640 1,377 Primary class size 73,851 73,851 74,352 501 Homebound 3,189 3,189 1,919 (1,270) At risk payments 39,006 39,006 38,069 (937) Career and technical education 3,830 3,830 3,678 (152) Remediation assistance - SOL 52,703 52,703 51,521 (1,182) Technology 128,000 128,000<	Basic school aid		2,253,038		2,253,038	2,206,605		(46,433)
Gifted and talented 24,049 24,049 23,510 (539) Special education 319,286 319,286 312,127 (7,159) Textbook payment 45,913 45,913 44,883 (1,030) Vocational education 111,034 111,034 108,544 (2,490) School fringes 454,267 454,267 482,874 28,607 ISAEP 9,977 9,977 8,754 (1,223) Early reading intervention 8,263 8,263 9,640 1,377 Primary class size 73,851 73,851 74,352 501 Homebound 3,189 3,189 1,919 (1,270) At risk payments 39,006 39,006 38,069 (937) Career and technical education 3,830 3,830 3,678 (152) Remediation assistance - SOL 52,703 52,703 51,521 (1,182) Technology 128,000 128,000 128,000 - Standards of Learning algebra readiness 8,459	Remedial summer education		26,706		26,706	57,585		30,879
Special education 319,286 319,286 312,127 (7,159) Textbook payment 45,913 45,913 44,883 (1,030) Vocational education 111,034 111,034 108,544 (2,490) School fringes 454,267 454,267 482,874 28,607 ISAEP 9,977 9,977 8,754 (1,223) Early reading intervention 8,263 8,263 9,640 1,377 Primary class size 73,851 73,851 74,352 501 Homebound 3,189 3,189 1,919 (1,270) At risk payments 39,006 39,006 38,069 (937) Career and technical education 3,830 3,830 3,678 (152) Remediation assistance - SOL 52,703 52,703 51,521 (1,182) Technology 128,000 128,000 128,000 - Standards of Learning algebra readiness 8,459 8,459 8,459 Workplace readiness - - - </td <td>Regular foster care</td> <td></td> <td>13,716</td> <td></td> <td>13,716</td> <td>4,336</td> <td></td> <td>(9,380)</td>	Regular foster care		13,716		13,716	4,336		(9,380)
Textbook payment 45,913 45,913 44,883 (1,030) Vocational education 111,034 111,034 108,544 (2,490) School fringes 454,267 454,267 482,874 28,607 ISAEP 9,977 9,977 8,754 (1,223) Early reading intervention 8,263 8,263 9,640 1,377 Primary class size 73,851 73,851 74,352 501 Homebound 3,189 3,189 1,919 (1,270) At risk payments 39,006 39,006 38,069 (937) Career and technical education 3,830 3,830 3,678 (152) Remediation assistance - SOL 52,703 52,703 51,521 (1,182) Technology 128,000 128,000 128,000 - Standards of Learning algebra readiness 8,459 8,459 8,459 Workplace readiness - - 4,352 4,352 English as a second language 1,315 1,315	Gifted and talented		24,049		24,049	23,510		(539)
Vocational education 111,034 111,034 108,544 (2,490) School fringes 454,267 454,267 482,874 28,607 ISAEP 9,977 9,977 8,754 (1,223) Early reading intervention 8,263 8,263 9,640 1,377 Primary class size 73,851 73,851 74,352 501 Homebound 3,189 3,189 1,919 (1,270) At risk payments 39,006 39,006 38,069 (937) Career and technical education 3,830 3,830 3,678 (152) Remediation assistance - SOL 52,703 52,703 51,521 (1,182) Technology 128,000 128,000 128,000 - Standards of Learning algebra readiness 8,459 8,459 8,459 Workplace readiness - - 4,352 4,352 English as a second language 1,315 1,315 2,367 1,052	Special education		319,286		319,286	312,127		(7,159)
School fringes 454,267 454,267 482,874 28,607 ISAEP 9,977 9,977 8,754 (1,223) Early reading intervention 8,263 8,263 9,640 1,377 Primary class size 73,851 73,851 74,352 501 Homebound 3,189 3,189 1,919 (1,270) At risk payments 39,006 39,006 38,069 (937) Career and technical education 3,830 3,830 3,678 (152) Remediation assistance - SOL 52,703 52,703 51,521 (1,182) Technology 128,000 128,000 128,000 - Standards of Learning algebra readiness 8,459 8,459 8,459 Workplace readiness - - 4,352 4,352 English as a second language 1,315 1,315 2,367 1,052	Textbook payment		45,913		45,913	44,883		(1,030)
ISAEP 9,977 9,977 8,754 (1,223) Early reading intervention 8,263 8,263 9,640 1,377 Primary class size 73,851 73,851 74,352 501 Homebound 3,189 3,189 1,919 (1,270) At risk payments 39,006 39,006 38,069 (937) Career and technical education 3,830 3,830 3,678 (152) Remediation assistance - SOL 52,703 52,703 51,521 (1,182) Technology 128,000 128,000 128,000 - Standards of Learning algebra readiness 8,459 8,459 8,459 - Workplace readiness - - 4,352 4,352 English as a second language 1,315 1,315 2,367 1,052	Vocational education		111,034		111,034	108,544		(2,490)
Early reading intervention 8,263 8,263 9,640 1,377 Primary class size 73,851 73,851 74,352 501 Homebound 3,189 3,189 1,919 (1,270) At risk payments 39,006 39,006 38,069 (937) Career and technical education 3,830 3,830 3,678 (152) Remediation assistance - SOL 52,703 52,703 51,521 (1,182) Technology 128,000 128,000 128,000 - Standards of Learning algebra readiness 8,459 8,459 8,459 Workplace readiness - - 4,352 4,352 English as a second language 1,315 1,315 2,367 1,052	School fringes		454,267		454,267	482,874		28,607
Primary class size 73,851 73,851 74,352 501 Homebound 3,189 3,189 1,919 (1,270) At risk payments 39,006 39,006 38,069 (937) Career and technical education 3,830 3,830 3,678 (152) Remediation assistance - SOL 52,703 52,703 51,521 (1,182) Technology 128,000 128,000 128,000 - Standards of Learning algebra readiness 8,459 8,459 8,459 - Workplace readiness - - - 4,352 4,352 English as a second language 1,315 1,315 2,367 1,052	ISAEP		9,977		9,977	8,754		(1,223)
Homebound 3,189 3,189 1,919 (1,270) At risk payments 39,006 39,006 38,069 (937) Career and technical education 3,830 3,830 3,678 (152) Remediation assistance - SOL 52,703 52,703 51,521 (1,182) Technology 128,000 128,000 128,000 - Standards of Learning algebra readiness 8,459 8,459 8,459 - Workplace readiness - - 4,352 4,352 English as a second language 1,315 1,315 2,367 1,052	Early reading intervention		8,263		8,263	9,640		1,377
At risk payments 39,006 39,006 38,069 (937) Career and technical education 3,830 3,830 3,678 (152) Remediation assistance - SOL 52,703 52,703 51,521 (1,182) Technology 128,000 128,000 128,000 - Standards of Learning algebra readiness 8,459 8,459 8,459 - Workplace readiness - - - 4,352 4,352 English as a second language 1,315 1,315 2,367 1,052	Primary class size		73,851		73,851	74,352		501
Career and technical education 3,830 3,830 3,678 (152) Remediation assistance - SOL 52,703 52,703 51,521 (1,182) Technology 128,000 128,000 128,000 - Standards of Learning algebra readiness 8,459 8,459 8,459 - Workplace readiness - - - 4,352 4,352 English as a second language 1,315 1,315 2,367 1,052	Homebound		3,189		3,189	1,919		(1,270)
Remediation assistance - SOL 52,703 52,703 51,521 (1,182) Technology 128,000 128,000 128,000 - Standards of Learning algebra readiness 8,459 8,459 8,459 - Workplace readiness - - - 4,352 4,352 English as a second language 1,315 1,315 2,367 1,052	At risk payments		39,006		39,006	38,069		(937)
Technology 128,000 128,000 128,000 - Standards of Learning algebra readiness 8,459 8,459 8,459 - Workplace readiness - - - 4,352 4,352 English as a second language 1,315 1,315 2,367 1,052	Career and technical education		3,830		3,830	3,678		(152)
Technology 128,000 128,000 128,000 - Standards of Learning algebra readiness 8,459 8,459 8,459 - Workplace readiness - - - 4,352 4,352 English as a second language 1,315 1,315 2,367 1,052	Remediation assistance - SOL		52,703		52,703	51,521		(1,182)
Workplace readiness - - 4,352 4,352 English as a second language 1,315 1,315 2,367 1,052	Technology		128,000		128,000	128,000		-
Workplace readiness - - 4,352 4,352 English as a second language 1,315 1,315 2,367 1,052	Standards of Learning algebra readiness		8,459		8,459	8,459		-
English as a second language 1,315 1,315 2,367 1,052	<u> </u>		-		-			4,352
	·		1,315		1,315			
Other state runus 39,509 39,509 3,382 (36,127)	Other state funds		39,509		39,509	3,382		(36, 127)
Total categorical aid \$ 4,846,581 \$ 4,846,581 \$ 4,755,519 \$ (91,062)	Total categorical aid	\$		\$		\$	\$	

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Final <u>Budget</u> <u>Budget</u>				<u>Actual</u>	Fin	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)									
School Operating Fund: (Continued)									
Revenue from the federal government:									
Categorical aid:									
Title I	\$ 166,842	\$	166,842	\$	164,919	\$	(1,923)		
Title VI-B, special education flow-through	273,973		273,973		258,724		(15,249)		
Carl Perkins	15,000		15,000		17,606		2,606		
Title VI-B, special education pre-school	9,757		9,757		6,278		(3,479)		
Title II - A	48,522		48,522		47,046		(1,476)		
Total categorical aid	\$ 514,094	\$	514,094	\$	494,573	\$	(19,521)		
Total School Operating Fund	\$ 12,560,269	\$	12,560,269	\$	11,576,438	\$	(983,831)		
Special Revenue Funds:									
School Cafeteria Fund:									
Revenue from local sources:									
Revenue from use of money and property:									
Revenue from the use of money	\$ -	\$	-	\$	32	\$	32		
Charges for services:									
Cafeteria sales	\$ 415,877	\$	415,877	\$	340,351	\$	(75,526)		
Total charges for services	\$ 415,877	\$	415,877	\$	340,351	\$	(75,526)		
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 415,877	\$	415,877	\$	340,383	\$	(75,494)		
Intergovernmental:									
Revenue from the Commonwealth:									
Categorical aid:									
School food program grant	\$ 6,699	\$	6,699	\$	8,723	\$	2,024		
Total categorical aid	\$ 6,699	\$	6,699	\$	8,723	\$	2,024		
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$ 6,699	\$	6,699	\$	8,723	\$	2,024		
Revenue from the federal government:									
Categorical aid:									
School food program grant	\$ 287,000	\$	287,000	\$	287,154	\$	154		
Commodities	-		-		35,317		35,317		
Total categorical aid	\$ 287,000	\$	287,000	\$	322,471	\$	35,471		
Total revenue from the federal government	\$ 287,000	\$	287,000	\$	322,471	\$	35,471		
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$ 709,576	\$	709,576	\$	671,577	\$	(37,999)		

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Final <u>Budqet</u> <u>Budqet</u>				<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)								
Special Revenue Funds: (Continued)								
Textbook Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from the use of money	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,457	\$	1,457	
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,457	\$	1,457	
Total revenue from local sources	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,457	\$	1,457	
Total Textbook Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,457	\$	1,457	
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$	13,269,845	\$	13,269,845	\$ 12,249,472	\$	(1,020,373)	



Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fina	iance with al Budget - Positive legative)
General Fund:								
General government administration:								
Legislative:								
Board of supervisors	\$	57,652	\$	58,923	\$	60,095	\$	(1,172)
General and financial administration:								
County administrator	\$	336,401	\$	344,205	\$	344,759	\$	(554)
Legal services		65,000		65,000		30,599		34,401
Commissioner of revenue		220,956		216,732		216,732		-
Independent Auditor		40,000		42,574		42,574		_
Treasurer		254,522		248,844		248,432		412
Information Technology		164,500		186,512		186,512		
Total general and financial administration	\$	1,081,379	\$	1,103,867	\$	1,069,608	\$	34,259
Board of elections:								
Electoral board and officials	\$	23,625	\$	23,625	\$	22,106	\$	1,519
Registrar	Ψ	60,214	Ψ	60,214	Ψ	58,897	Ψ	1,317
Total board of elections	\$	83,839	\$	83,839	\$	81,003	\$	2,836
Total board of elections		03,037	Ψ	03,037	Ψ	01,003	Ψ	2,030
Total general government administration	\$	1,222,870	\$	1,246,629	\$	1,210,706	\$	35,923
Judicial administration: Courts:								
Circuit court	\$	23,632	\$	26,075	\$	26,075	\$	-
General district court		8,050		8,050		7,092		958
Special magistrates		800		800		746		54
Juvenile and domestic relations court		6,815		6,815		1,030		5,785
J&DR court services unit		15,600		15,600		9,735		5,865
Victim witness		25,698		25,698		25,459		239
Clerk of the circuit court		217,729		240,210		214,411		25,799
Total courts	\$	298,324	\$	323,248	\$	284,548	\$	38,700
Commonwealth's attorney:								
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	228,622	\$	228,622	\$	223,693	\$	4,929
Total commonwealth's attorney	\$	228,622	\$	228,622	\$	223,693	\$	4,929
Total judicial administration	\$	526,946	\$	551,870	\$	508,241	\$	43,629
Public safety:								
Law enforcement and traffic control:								
Sheriff	\$	1,312,678	\$	1,340,086	\$	1,304,417	\$	35,669
E-911		116,514		123,499		123,499		-
Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$	1,429,192	\$	1,463,585	\$	1,427,916	\$	35,669
Fire and rescue services:								
Fire department	\$	162,300	\$	162,300	\$	159,970	\$	2,330
Ambulance and rescue services	Ψ	160,750	Ψ	193,892	Ψ	154,641	Ψ	39,251
Total fire and rescue services	\$	323,050	\$	356,192	\$	314,611	\$	41,581
Total file and resources vices	Ψ	323,030	Ψ	330, 172	Ψ	314,011	Ψ	71,301

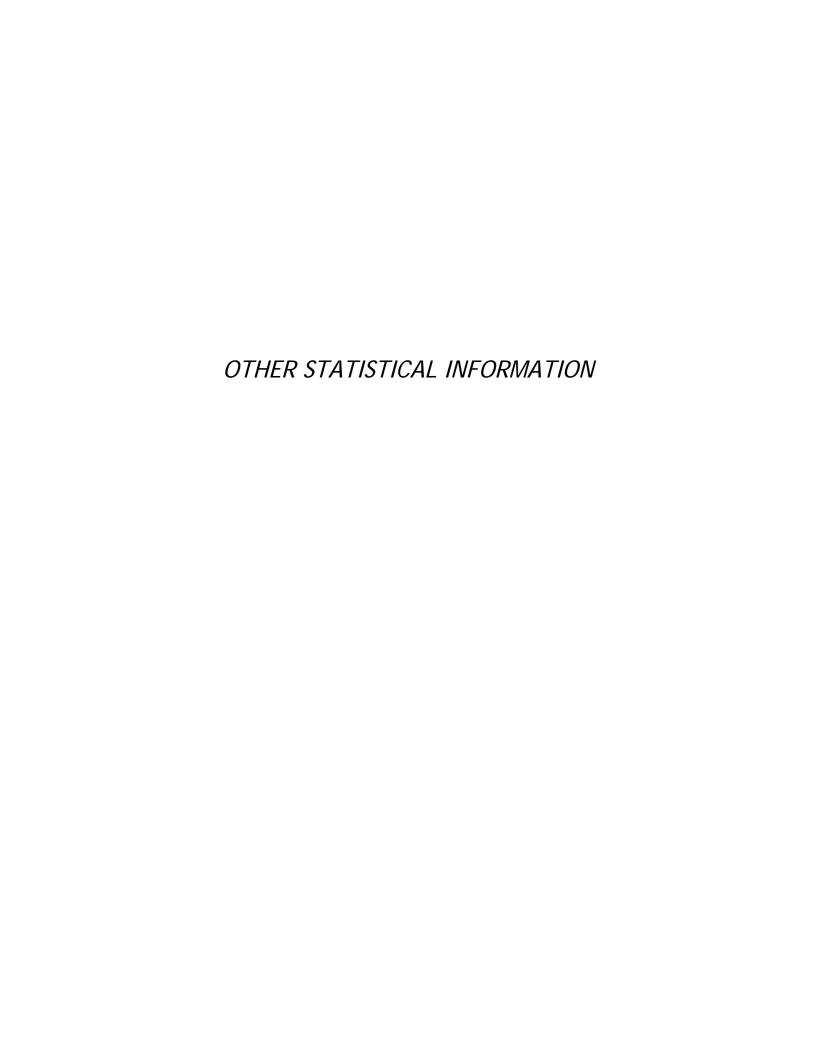
Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fina	iance with al Budget - Positive <u>legative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued)								
Public safety: (Continued)								
Correction and detention:								
Regional jail	\$	347,796	\$	416,617	\$	416,617	\$	-
Juvenile probation and detention		61,634		62,141		62,141		-
Total correction and detention	\$	409,430	\$	478,758	\$	478,758	\$	-
Inspections:								
Building	\$	128,366	\$	128,455	\$	128,455	\$	-
Total inspections	\$	128,366	\$	128,455	\$	128,455	\$	-
Other protection:								
Animal control	\$	68,672	\$	72,170	\$	72,170	\$	-
Medical examiner		100		100		40		60
Total other protection	\$	68,772	\$	72,270	\$	72,210	\$	60
Total public safety	\$	2,358,810	\$	2,499,260	\$	2,421,950	\$	77,310
Public works:								
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks:								
Highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks	\$	500	\$	500	\$	_	\$	500
Streetlights	·	11,000		16,154	·	16,154	·	_
Total maintenance of highways, streets, bridges & sidewalks	\$	11,500	\$	16,654	\$	16,154	\$	500
Sanitation and waste removal:								
Refuse disposal	\$	581,650	\$	581,650	\$	563,360	\$	18,290
Total sanitation and waste removal	\$	581,650	\$	581,650	\$	563,360	\$	18,290
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:								
General properties	\$	576,936	\$	585,463	\$	428,897	\$	156,566
Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds	\$	576,936	\$	585,463	\$	428,897	\$	156,566
Total public works	\$	1,170,086	\$	1,183,767	\$	1,008,411	\$	175,356
Health and welfare: Health:								
Supplement of local health department	\$	122,247	¢	122,247	¢	122,247	¢	
Total health	\$	122,247		122,247		122,247	\$	
rotal nearth	Φ	122,247	Φ	122,247	Ф	122,247	Ф	<u>-</u>
Mental health and mental retardation:								
Gloucester-Mathews free clinic	\$	18,000	\$	18,000	\$	18,000	\$	-
Laurel shelter		2,500		2,500		2,500		-
Community services board and Puller Center		35,475		35,475		35,475		-
Total mental health and mental retardation	\$	55,975	\$	55,975	\$	55,975	\$	-

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued) Welfare:								
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	1,151,826	\$	1,176,826	\$	1,150,440	\$	26,386
Area agency on aging	Ψ	54,324	Ψ	54,324	Ψ	54,324	Ψ	-
Comprehensive services act		512,500		512,500		299,756		212,744
Tax relief for the elderly		-		-		97,067		(97,067)
Total welfare	\$	1,718,650	\$	1,743,650	\$	1,601,587	\$	142,063
Total health and welfare	\$	1,896,872	\$	1,921,872	\$	1,779,809	\$	142,063
Education:								
Other instructional costs:								
Contributions to Rappahannock Community College	\$	6,323	\$	6,323	\$	6,323	\$	-
Contribution to County School Board		7,060,694	_	7,060,694	_	6,153,087	_	907,607
Total education		7,067,017	\$	7,067,017	\$	6,159,410	\$	907,607
Parks, recreation, and cultural:								
Parks and recreation: Supervision of parks and recreation	\$	82,000	¢	82,000	¢	81,140	\$	860
Total parks and recreation	\$	82,000	\$	82,000	\$	81,140		860
		02,000	<u> </u>	02,000	Ψ	017110	Ψ	
Library:								
Contribution to county library	\$	362,422		367,997	\$	332,139		35,858
Total library	\$	362,422	\$	367,997	\$	332,139	\$	35,858
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$	444,422	\$	449,997	\$	413,279	\$	36,718
Community development:								
Planning and community development:								
Planning and zoning	\$	321,432	\$	321,432	\$	277,868	\$	43,564
Planning and zoning boards		6,106		6,106		1,803		4,303
Middle Peninsula planning district commission		16,300		16,300		16,300		-
Wetlands board		2,438		2,438		1,749		689
Economic development		59,000	_	59,000	_	57,907		1,093
Total planning and community development		405,276	\$	405,276	\$	355,627	\$	49,649
Environmental management:								
Contribution to soil and water conservation district	\$	6,000	\$	6,000	\$	6,000	\$	-
Litter control program		5,000		6,366		6,366		
Total environmental management	\$	11,000	\$	12,366	\$	12,366	\$	
Cooperative extension program:								
Extension office	\$	38,184		45,384		28,700	\$	16,684
Total cooperative extension program	\$	38,184	\$	45,384	\$	28,700	\$	16,684
Total community development	\$	454,460	\$	463,026	\$	396,693	\$	66,333
Nondepartmental:								
Contingencies	\$	75,000	\$	32,565	\$	32,565	\$	-
Total nondepartmental	\$	75,000	\$	32,565	\$	32,565	\$	-

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budqet</u>		Final <u>Budqet</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Capital projects: Fort Nonsense VDOT enhancement	\$	565,000	\$	565,000	\$	377,322	\$	187,678
School bus replacement	Ψ	101,369	Ψ	101,369	Ψ	101,369	Ψ	-
Other capital projects		1,772,258		957,131		178,547		778,584
Total capital projects	\$	2,438,627	\$	1,623,500	\$	657,238	\$	966,262
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	\$	1,141,055	¢	2,848,388	¢	2,851,508	¢	(2 120)
Interest and other fiscal charges	Ф	383,960	Ф	437,787	ф	429,666	Ф	(3,120) 8,121
Total debt service	<u> </u>		¢		¢		¢	
Total debt service	\$	1,525,015	\$	3,286,175	\$	3,281,174	\$	5,001
Total General Fund	\$	19,180,125	\$	20,325,678	\$	17,869,476	\$	2,456,202
Special Revenue Fund:								
County Special Revenue Fund:								
Public Safety:								
Other protection:								
Forfeited assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14,729	\$	(14,729)
Total other protection	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14,729	\$	(14,729)
Total public safety	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14,729	\$	(14,729)
Parks, recreation and cultural: Cultural:								
Mathews County sesquincentennial	\$	_	\$	_	\$	174	\$	(174)
Total cultural	\$	-	\$	_	\$	174	\$	(174)
							-	
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$	-	\$	-	\$	174	\$	(174)
Community Development:								
Planning and community development:								
Planning grant	\$	-	\$	3,500	\$	(7,000)	\$	10,500
Hazard mitigation grant program		-		889,825		479,218		410,607
Severe repetitive loss		-		207,942		61,098		146,844
Total planning and community development	\$	-	\$	1,101,267	\$	533,316	\$	567,951
Total County Special Revenue Fund	\$	-	\$	1,101,267	\$	548,219	\$	553,048
Total Primary Government	\$	19,180,125	\$	21,426,945	\$	18,417,695	\$	3,009,250
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund: Education:								
Administration, health, and attendance	\$	828,136	\$	828,136	\$	837,744	\$	(9,608)
Instruction costs	*	8,581,118		8,581,118	ŕ	8,411,857		169,261
Pupil transportation		912,791		912,791		899,398		13,393
Operation and maintenance of school plant		1,214,174		1,214,174		1,285,903		(71,729)
Total School Operating Fund	\$	11,536,219	\$	11,536,219	\$	11,434,902	\$	101,317
·	_							

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original Final <u>Budget Budget</u>				<u>Actual</u>	Fina	iance with al Budget - Positive legative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)							
Special Revenue Funds:							
School Cafeteria Fund:							
Education:							
School food services:							
Administration of school food program	\$	782,391	\$	782,391	\$ 760,236	\$	22,155
Commodities		-		35,317	35,317		-
Total school food services	\$	782,391	\$	817,708	\$ 795,553	\$	22,155
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$	782,391	\$	817,708	\$ 795,553	\$	22,155
Textbook Fund:							
Education:							
Purchase of textbooks	\$	185,000	\$	185,000	\$ 210,489	\$	(25,489)
Total education	\$	185,000	\$	185,000	\$ 210,489	\$	(25,489)
Total Textbook Fund	\$	185,000	\$	185,000	\$ 210,489	\$	(25,489)
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$	12,503,610	\$	12,538,927	\$ 12,440,944	\$	97,983







County of Mathews, Virginia Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	937,969 \$ 12,983,297	14,848,145	15,339,202	15,889,370	15,554,130	16,106,119	15,233,445	15,824,368	15,365,607	15,850,234
Interest on Long- Term Debt	696'286	1,132,979	806,520	733,013	654,967	1,029,985	418,566	421,516	390,314	357,502
Parks, Recreation, Community and Cultural Development	\$ 279,042	456,921	395,061	641,590	578,584	638,063	544,077	1,027,809	614,138	973,727
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	\$ 379,630 \$	387,933	475,630	427,514	460,944	475,858	505,397	500,977	613,639	540,323
Education	5,217,519	5,606,976	6,217,103	6,817,663	6,632,069	6,434,299	6,296,291	6,535,760	6,764,109	6,737,939
Health and Welfare	987,030 \$ 1,371,881 \$	1,520,044	2,005,608	1,458,890	1,416,104	1,768,312	1,909,899	1,691,248	1,740,409	1,795,146
Public Works	\$ 987,030	1,015,465	1,451,355	1,408,691	1,663,793	1,330,254	1,169,512	1,352,826	1,105,587	1,036,856
Public Safety	1,955,278	2,755,851	2,095,783	2,143,896	2,351,796	2,440,580	2,362,595	2,357,034	2,297,325	2,506,931
Judicial Administration	\$ 620,802 \$	627,926	827,058	1,026,178	700,239	685,093	650,189	637,734	656,328	662,127
General Government Judicial Administration Administration	\$ 1,234,146	1,344,050	1,065,084	1,231,935	1,095,634	1,303,675	1,376,919	1,299,464	1,183,758	1,239,683
Fiscal	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	5 2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14

County of Mathews, Virginia Government-Wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Total	13,139,205	13,875,176	15,747,749	15,091,650	15,126,188	15,568,207	16,303,714	16,277,385	16,403,233	17,024,791
			Gain on	Sale of Capital	Assets	329,854 \$,	•	•		•	•	•	
			Ga	Sale c	A	∽									
	Grants and	Contributions	Not Restricted	to Specific	Programs	150.111 \$ 1.018.466	1,145,551	1,112,848	1,097,430	1,011,095	1,480,737	1,486,153	1,475,634	1,489,720	1,523,833
ES					Miscellaneous	\$ 150.111	106,165	751,058	161,089	192,558	102,650	204,748	157,066	84,330	122,854
GENERAL REVENUES			Unrestricted	Investment	Earnings	\$ 166.619	254,586	273,250	242,986	123,641	79,923	61,410	75,073	67,636	65,357
GEN			Other	Local	Taxes	1,547,302	1,700,918	1,698,362	1,751,251	1,677,012	1,236,738	1,257,210	1,240,714	1,248,362	1,248,603
			General	Property	Taxes	\$ 7.806.381 \$ 1.547.302	8,304,312	9,287,564	9,338,793	969'989'6	9,849,635	10,483,159	10,412,119	10,376,573	10,711,645
SE		Capital	Grants	and	Contributions Contributions	· ·		•	•	98,793	•	70,517	189,801	718,129	465,119
PROGRAM REVENUES		Operating	Grants	and	Contributions	\$ 2.000.683		2,507,538	2,367,614	2,219,755	2,714,665	2,639,485	2,629,058	2,303,422	2,747,853
PR(Charges	for	Services	119,789	123,874	117,129	132,487	116,638	103,859	101,032	97,920	115,061	139,527
	I			Fiscal	Year	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14

General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1) County of Mathews, Virginia Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Total	19,329,426	21,061,886	22,074,911	22,525,631	23,013,369	22,935,152	21,071,367	21,643,134	22,111,795	24,048,315
	Debt	Service	\$2,145,653 \$	2,169,120	2,247,874	2,058,428	1,773,181	1,902,243	1,358,872	1,688,717	2,376,329	3, 281, 174
	Non-	departmental	\$	1	1	1	1	1	7,668	•	5,172	32,565
	Community	and Cultural Development departmental	\$ 275,944	314,351	373,790	534,686	573,907	632,375	458,078	389,268	611,682	600'086
Parks,	Recreation, Community	and Cultural	\$ 294,173	303,633	390,588	343,956	376,457	358,094	357,877	427,708	372,817	413,453
		Education (2)	\$ 1,356,816 \$ 10,609,394 \$ 294,173	11,493,575	12,074,141	12,840,186	13,094,022	12,751,860	11,678,792	11,790,798	12,031,391	12,447,268
	Health and	Welfare	, 1,356,816	1,492,519	1,969,465	1,444,261	1,529,173	1,785,690	1,919,658	1,765,570	1,727,435	1,779,809
	Public	Works	1,001,052	1,231,451	1,327,638	1,388,897	1,637,813	1,324,257	1,159,235	1,317,282	1,076,440	1,008,411
	Public	Safety	1,907,258 \$	2,036,707	2,065,871	2,125,713	2,290,536	2,345,394	2,317,126	2,457,241	2,238,160	2,436,679
			↔									
	Judicial	ninistration	571,021 \$	560,076	589,759	600,779	537,074	526,665	488, 183	510,475	520,993	508,241
		Adr	\$									
General	Government	Administration Administration	\$ 1,168,115	1,460,454	1,035,785	1,188,725	1,201,206	1,308,574	1,325,878	1,296,075	1,151,376	1,210,706
	Fiscal	Year	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14

⁽¹⁾ Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board. (2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board.

General Governmental Revenues by Source (1) County of Mathews, Virginia Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	19,332,699	20,784,317 22,285,609	22,499,443	22,069,361	22,576,929	22,349,834	22,221,736	22,531,325	23,175,530
Inter- governmental (2)	9,233,862 \$	9,806,201 10,360,328	10,339,446	9,857,471	10,658,575	9,776,395	9,720,923	10,175,515	10,318,091
Recovered Costs go	22,720 \$	46,266 8,047	22,879	14,602	52,447	82,985	107,717	99,394	116,990
Miscellaneous	166,108 \$	115,620 144,700	208,600	304,168	189,174	278,368	216,580	115,517	152,951
Charges for Services Mi	412,077 \$	419,930 474,696	512,593	472,235	441,423	444,016	426,293	429,422	405,895
Revenue from the Use of Money and Property	123,721 \$	205,296 258,773	226,046	121,594	85,190	59,458	76,352	71,421	73,480
Fines and N Forfeitures	15,620 \$	14,890 11,380	18,319	24,870	14,899	12,241	15,490	30,604	41,708
Permits, Privilege Fees, Regulatory Licenses	\$ 656'68	91,206 87,324	85,662	65,635	62,856	61,501	57,762	56,410	66,100
Other Pri Local F Taxes	1,547,302 \$	1,700,918 1,698,362	1,751,251	1,677,012	1,236,738	1,257,210	1,240,714	1,248,362	1,248,603
General Property Taxes	7,721,330 \$	8,383,990 9,241,999	9,334,647	9,531,774	9,835,627	10,377,660	10,359,905	10,304,680	10,751,712
Fiscal F Year	2004-05 \$	2005-06 2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14

(1) Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board. (2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board.

Property Tax Levies and Collections County of Mathews, Virginia Last Ten Fiscal Years

Percent of Delinquent Taxes to	Tax Levy	3.75%	3.21%	4.38%	4.44%	5.39%	6.27%	6.77%	6.85%	7.45%	5.19%
Outstanding Delinquent	Taxes (1,2)	\$ 322,127	301,819	440,139	455,935	590,247	688,793	776,874	745,683	822,854	633,988
Percent of Total Tax Collections	to Tax Levy	\$ %09.66	99.18%	100.82%	99.52%	95.29%	97.61%	98.03%	103.04%	101.33%	96.05%
Total Tax	Collections	8,559,768	9,319,553	10,135,096	10,214,392	10,436,179	10,726,657	11,256,049	11,211,953	11,184,153	11,742,084
Delinquent Tax	Collections (1)	9,123 \$	14,616	42,588	187,104	8,455	5,851	283,517	247,741	286,351	266,290
Percent of Levy	Collected	\$ 49% \$	66.03%	100.40%	97.70%	95.21%	97.55%	95.56%	100.76%	98.73%	93.87%
Current	Collections (1)	\$ 8,550,645	9,304,937	10,092,508	10,027,288	10,427,724	10,720,806	10,972,532	10,964,212	10,897,802	11,475,794
Total Tax	Levy (1)	\$ 8,594,243	9,396,373	10,052,394	10,263,755	10,952,299	10,989,815	11,482,310	10,880,993	11,037,711	12,224,814
Fiscal	Year	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14

⁽¹⁾ Exclusive of penalties and interest. (2) Includes three most current delinquent tax years and first half of current tax year.

Assessed Value of Taxable Property County of Mathews, Virginia Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Total	\$ 1 078 338 730	1,369,644,825	1,409,229,841	1,421,092,613	1,450,450,703	1,462,190,076	1,773,160,012	1,776,130,576	1,820,339,402	1,816,858,147
y (2)	Personal	Property	1	'	1	•	•	•	•	26,572	280,556	5,216
Public Utility (2)	Real	Estate	16 183 972 \$	23,520,759	21,331,137	15,264,589	13,353,782	13,896,370	14,710,448	19,419,122	19,419,119	22,828,636
Machinery	and	Tools	<i>₩</i>	11,732,849	16,895,940	16,635,103	18,074,493	10,374,005	16,977,516	15,810,352	15,685,119	15,856,646
Personal Property	and Mobile	Homes (1)	97 459 683 \$		100,764,835	99,648,503	109,396,890	118,005,040	100,040,632	100,150,365	97,469,238	101,579,544
	Real	Estate (1)	\$ 964 695 075		1,270,237,929	1,289,544,418	1,309,625,538	1,319,914,661	1,641,431,416	1,640,724,165	1,687,485,370	1,676,588,104
	Fiscal	Year	2004-05	2002-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14

(1) Real estate and personal property are assessed at 100% of fair market value. (2) Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission.

County of Mathews, Virginia Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Estate	Mobile Homes	Personal Property	Machinery and Tools
2004-05 (2)	.51/.79	\$ 0.79	\$ 3.60	\$ -
2005-06(3)	.53/.51	0.51	3.60	2.14
2006-07	0.53	0.53	3.60	2.14
2007-08(4)	.56/.53	0.53	3.60	2.14
2008-09	0.56	0.56	3.60	2.14
2009-10	0.56	0.56	4.53	2.14
2010-11(5)	.56/.47	0.56	4.53	2.14
2011-12	0.47	0.47	3.70	2.14
2012-13	0.47	0.47	3.65	2.14
2013-14	0.54	0.47	3.65	2.14

⁽¹⁾ Per \$100 of assessed value.

⁽²⁾ First half 2005 and second half 2004, respectively

⁽³⁾ First half 2006 and second half 2005, respectively

⁽⁴⁾ First half 2008 and second half 2007, respectively

⁽⁵⁾ First half 2011 and second half 2010, respectively

County of Mathews, Virginia
Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to
Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Net	Bonded	Debt per	Capita	1,156	1,031	927	822	741	929	282	205	423	370
Ratio of	Net Bonded	Debt to	Assessed	Value	\$ %86.0	%69.0	%09.0	0.53%	0.46%	0.41%	0.30%	0.25%	0.21%	0.18%
		Net	Bonded	Debt	10,523,992	9,386,634	8,437,339	7,482,051	6,742,007	5,986,205	5,254,171	4,505,275	3,794,038	3,318,830
Less:	Debt	Assumed	by Other	Localities (4)	\$	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı
Fe	Debt	Service	Monies	Available	\$	1	1	ı	ı	1	1	ı	1	ı
		Gross	Bonded	Debt (3)	10,523,992	9,386,634	8,437,339	7,482,051	6,742,007	5,986,205	5,254,171	4,505,275	3,794,038	3,318,830
		Assessed	Value (in	thousands) (2)	\$ 1,078,339	1,369,645	1,409,230	1,421,093	1,450,451	1,462,190	1,773,160	1,776,131	1,820,339	1,823,288
				Population (1) thousands) (2)	9,100	9,100	9,100	9,100	9,100	9,100	8,978	8,978	8,978	8,978
			Fiscal	Year	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14

⁽¹⁾ Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service at the University of Virginia.

⁽²⁾ Real property assessed at 100% of fair market value from Table 6.

⁽³⁾ Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, bonded anticipation notes, and literary fund loans.

Excludes revenue bonds, landfill closure/post-closure care liability, capital leases, and compensated absences.

⁽⁴⁾ In accordance with the provisions of annexation settlements.





ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Mathews Mathews, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Mathews Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Mathews, Virginia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 5, 2014.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered County of Mathews Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Mathews, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Mathews, Virginia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether County of Mathews, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Richmond, Virginia December 5, 2014

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ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Mathews Mathews, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited County of Mathews, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of County of Mathews, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014. County of Mathews, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of County of Mathews, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.* Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about County of Mathews, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of County of Mathews, Virginia's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, County of Mathews, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of County of Mathews, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered County of Mathews, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Mathews, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Richmond, Virginia December 5, 2014

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County of Mathews, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
Department of Health and Human Services:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Social Services:			
Promoting safe and stable families	93.556	0950113/0950114	\$ 10,908
Temporary assistance for needy families	93.558	0400113/0400114	84,703
Refugee and entrant assistance - state administered programs	93.566	0500113/0500114	795
Low income home energy assistance	93.568	0600413/0600414	8,671
Child care mandatory and matching funds of the child care and			
development fund	93.596	0760113/0760114	16,563
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child welfare services	93.645	0900113/090114	658
Foster care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100113/1100114	60,536
Adoption assistance	93.659	1120113/11201114	73,338
Social services block grant	93.667	1000113/1000114	78,989
Chafee foster care independence program	93.674	9150113/9150114	627
Children's health insurance program	93.767	0540113/0540114	3,586
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200113/1200114	113,713
Total Department of Health and Human Services			\$ 453,087
U. S. Department of Homeland Security: Pass Through Payments: Department of Emergency Management:			
Hazard mitigation grant	97.039	77602-155/146	\$ 358,074
Severe repetitive loss program	97.110	77602-52349	54,818
State homeland security program	97.073	77501-52700	25,000
Total U. S. Department of Homeland Security			\$ 437,892
Department of Agriculture:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Agriculture:			
Child nutrition cluster:			
Food Distribution	10.555	17901-45707	\$ 35,317
Department of Education:			
Child nutrition cluster:			
National school lunch program	10.555	17901-45707	209,572
Sub-total CFDA 10.555			\$ 244,889
Department of Education:			
Child nutrition cluster:			
School breakfast program	10.553	17901-40591	77,582
Department of Social Services:			
State administrative matching grants for the supplemental			
nutrition assistance program	10.561	0010113/0010114	133,689
	10.001	33.3.107 3310117	
Total Department of Agriculture			\$ 456,160

County of Mathews, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures		
Department of Justice:					
Pass Through Payments:					
Department of Criminal Justice Services:					
Edward Byrne memorial justice assistance grant program	16.738	3900100-81100	\$ 1,1	118	
Department of Transportation:					
Pass Through Payments:					
Department of Motor Vehicles:					
State and community highway safety program	20.600	60507-50287	\$ 9,8	380	
Virginia Department of Transportation:					
Highway planning and construction (ISTEA)	20.205	60302-0	410,7	725	
Total Department of Transportation			\$ 420,6	505	
Department of Treasury:					
Pass Through Payments:					
Commonwealth of Virginia Attorney General's Office:					
Forfeited assets	21.000	N/A	\$ 2,7	706	
Department of Interior:					
Direct Payments:					
Fish and Wildlife Service:					
Endangered species conservation recovery implementation	15.657	N/A	\$ 9,0	078	
Department of Housing and Urban Development:					
Pass Through Payments:					
Department of Housing and Community Development:					
Community development block grants/State's program					
and non-entitlement grants in Hawaii	14.228	53305-50791	\$ 2,3	379	
Department of Education:					
Pass Through Payments:					
Virginia Department of Education:					
Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010	17901-42901-42999	\$ 164,9	919	
Special education cluster:					
Special education grants to states	84.027	17901-43071-61234	258,7		
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	17901-62521		278	
Career and technical education - basic grants to states	84.048	17901-61095	17,6		
Improving teacher quality state grants	84.367	17901-61480	47,0	J46 	
Total Department of Education			\$ 494,5	573	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 2,277,5	598	

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

County of Mathews, Virginia

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of County of Mathews, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2014. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of County of Mathews, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of County of Mathews, Virginia.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Note 3 - Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

Note 4 - Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary government:		
General Fund	\$	1,042,577
Special Revenue Fund		417,977
Total primary government	\$	1,460,554
Component Unit Public Schools:		
School Operating Fund	\$	494,573
School Cafeteria Fund		322,471
Total component unit public schools	\$	817,044
Total federal expenditures per basic financial	_	
statements	\$	2,277,598
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures		
of Federal Awards	\$	2,277,598

County of Mathews, Virginia Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Section I-Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements Type of auditors' report issued: unmodified Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? yes no Significant deficiencies identified? yes none reported Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? yes no Federal Awards Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? yes Significant deficiencies identified? none reported yes Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs: unmodified Any findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of Circular A-133? yes Identification of major programs: CFDA Number(s) Name of Federal Program or Cluster 10.553/10.555 Child Nutrition Cluster 97.039 **Hazard Mitigation** Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$300,000 Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? ✓ yes no Section II-Financial Statement Findings None

Section III-Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

County of Mathews, Virginia

Summary Schedule of Prior Year Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

There were no prior year findings and questioned costs.

